The Bom[illegible] Gazette.

No. 128,053—New Series. BOMBAY :— [illegible] 19, 1890.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S WHISKIES.

OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Prices
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve	Rs. 21
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch	Rs. 21 per doz. bottles.
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle	
"Glentromie"	
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish"	

Examine cork label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	21st Feb.
† ASSAM	303	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th ,,
B.L. PENINSULAR	500	100	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	14th ,,
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	21st ,,
B.L. ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th ,,
B.L. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th April.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	11th ,,
B.L. PEKIN	3929	800	P. Harris	18th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th ,,
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	2nd May
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	9th ,,
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	70	G. W. Atkinson	16th ,,
B.L. COROMANDEL	4500	800	L. Reeves	23rd ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	30th ,,
B.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	13th ,,
B.L. ROHILLA	3511	700	M. de Horne	20th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	27th ,,

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	1890.
ROME	5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	18th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5501	1000	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1889.
MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	27th Feb.
KAISER-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	13th Mar.
THAMES	4200	800	W. A. Seaton	27th Mar.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 8th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	29th Feb. 1890.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer. To sail.
BISAGNO.....On the 8th March 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jany. 18, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
aMARIA TERESA	R Deperis	4,200	600	21st Feb.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st March.
AMPHITRITE	G. Nicolich	4,200	650	1st April.
aMEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,800	550	21st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer aWill not call at Brindisi.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

TRHOUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4 200	650	15th March.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,800	550	21st Feb. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset of the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 5th Feb. 1890.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY. FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES. TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 15th March 1890 at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS. BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE well-known passenger steamer CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, Commander C. ALEXANDERSON, will leave Bombay for LIVERPOOL direct on or about 5th April.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Saloon and state rooms all on upper deck.

For particulars to passage money, Cabin plans &c apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. THE SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s. s. "AVOCA," will leave for Zanzibar on or about 22nd instant.

For Freight and Passage apply to the undersigned.

HASSAMBHOY VISRAM, Agents, Khoja Mohla.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 32 pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, at 11 a.m. on 23rd February, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KAVLANA" 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 19th February.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 20th February, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 5th March.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 18th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th February, 1890. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R. Commander.	To sail.
L HISPANIA	3380 Abrey	27th Feb.
ML ASIA	3560 Wm. Russell	11th Mar.
L PERSIA	3547 R. Hutchison	29th ,,
ML BRITANNIA	3069 Brown	12th April.
L NUBIA	3351 T. G. Knox	26th ,,
L ARABIA	3544 J. Laird	17th May.
ML HISPANIA	3380 Abrey	31st ,,

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

S. S. "LANCASHIRE," 4,000 Tons, Lieut. HARRIS, R. N. R. This magnificent Steamer has splendid accommodation for a limited number of Passengers. Will sail about 21st February. She is expected to reach Marseilles in 15 days.

Has Electric Lighting throughout. Carries a Stewardess. Rs. 325 to Marseilles.

The MacIver Line s. s. "ETOLIA," 3,139 Tons WILL SAIL for PLYMOUTH early in May.

Carries Doctor and Stewardess. Cabins Amidship and Electric Light.

Apply to

Messrs. KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents, 37, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. PASSENGER SEASON, 1889-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of Members of the Civil and Military Services, who may desire to take advantage of the new and much improved Second Saloon accomodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels, to their system of Registration of Forward bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Cabins.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Oriental Travellers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Code, post free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
11, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INVALID'S SHERRY.

THIS is our old Dry Sherry. It is a well-matured Wine, remarkably soft and dry, and free from cidity. It is specially recommended for dyspeptics or those having a gouty diathesis.

Price Rs. 28 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

INVALID'S PORT. (SANDEMAN'S).

THIS well-known brand is generally prescribed and recommended by the Medical Profession. It is a very superior Dessert Wine, tawny with age of fine bouquet and character. Invalids and others suffering from the exhausting effects of the climate, will find in this Wine excellent recuperating properties.

Price, Bottles Rs. 35; Half-Bottles, Rs. 19 per dozen.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.

Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

"PHILLIPS."

EXTRACT OF CUCUMBER AND GLYCERINE

BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN,

PREVENTS CHAPPING, roughness and sunburn, and most effectual in protecting the skin from freckles. It will also be found to render the skin smooth, soft, and white.

Price per bottle annas 8 and 12.

PREPARED BY

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SIMPSON & CO.,

COACH BUILDERS & HARNESS MAKERS

BILLIARD-TABLE MANUFACTURERS,

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT

TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G., K.G.C.S.I,

AND

H. H. THE NIZAM OF THE DECCAN, G.C.S.I.

201, MOUNT ROAD,

MADRAS.

TREACHER [illegible], LD.

PROVISION[illegible]

THIS Department is being continuously re[illegible]d from the First English and Continental Houses and shipped weekly *via* [illegible] The Company are thus placed in a position to guarantee both quality and freshness, advantages which should be specially noted by Consumers.

The attention of Messes and Clubs is specially directed to the fact that the Company being very large cash buyers, they are enabled to supply Goods at a lower rate than articles of the same high class can be imported direct from England :—

HAMS, BACON, BUTTER, and CHEESE.
TONGUES, BATH CHOPS, BRAWN, and OX CHEEK.
SOUPS—Gravy, Hare, Hotch Potch, Julienne, Mock-Turtle, Ox Tail, &c.
MEAT ESSENCES—Beef, Chicken, and Liebig's Extract of Meat.
FISH—Anchovies, Caviare, Cod Roes, Haddocks, Herrings, Lax, Lobsters, Mackerel, Oysters, Pilchards, Salmon, Sardines, Soles, Turbot, Whitebait, and Whiting.
FRENCH PATES—Woodcock, Snipe, Partridge, Duck and Goose Liver.
PRESERVED FRESH MEATS—Beef, Lamb, Mutton, and Veal.
SAUSAGES—Oxford, Bologna, Cambridge, Norfolk and Pork.
TRUFFLED PIES and GALANTINES—Pork, Game, Ham and Chicken, and Veal and Ham.
POTTED MEATS and FISH—Anchovy, Shrimp, Lobster and Bloater, Beef, Game, Ham, Tongue, &c.
PRESERVED VEGETABLES—Artichokes, Asparagus, Carrots, French Beans, Macedoines, Mushrooms, Peas, Parsnips, Turnips, &c.
TART FRUITS—Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Cranberries, Currants, Gooseberries, Greengages, Peaches, Plums, Raspberries, Rhubarb, &c.
JAMS and JELLIES—Apple, Apricot, Currant, Damson, Gooseberry, Greengage, Plum, Raspberry, Strawberry, and Marmalade, &c.
PICKLES—Beans, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Chowchow, Gherkins, Mixed Onions, Piccalilli, Walnut Oriental, Imperial Hot, and Horse Radish.
COKING and TABLE SAUCES—Anchovy, Beefsteak, Catsup, Harvey's, John Bull, Madras, Cayenne, Mogul, Poona, Reading, Soho, Soyer's, &c., and Yorkshire Relish.
MUSTARD, SALT, VINEGAR, CAPERS, ONIONS, and SALAD OIL.
INDIAN CONDIMENTS, &c.—Bengal, Cashmere, Lucknow, Madras, and Mango Chutnis, &c.
BISCUITS—Abernethy, Albert, Arrowroot, Captain, Cracker, Cracknel, Ginger, Lunch, Milk, Mixed, Nic-Nac, Picnic, Water, Extra Toast, &c.
MILK, SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, COCOA, and CHOCOLATE.
DESSERT FRUITS—Dried, Crystallised, Brandied, and in Syrup, China Ginger, &c.
FLAVOURING ESSENCES, TABLE and BED-ROOM CANDLES, TOILET and HOUSEHOLD SOAPS, &c.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

KEMP & CO.'S. TASTELESS GELATINE COATED GRANULES

ARE the best method of administering solid medicines.

TASTELESS, SMALL, ELEGANT, ACCURATE.

Medicines for all common complaints are now prepared in this convenient form.

Granules for Boils.	Granules for Fever.
Granules for Constipation.	Granules for Headache.
Granules for Cough.	Granules for Liver.
Granules for Diarrhœa.	Granules for Nervousness.
Granules for Dyspepsia.	Granules for All Complaints.

Per Bottle Re. 1.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

PILSENER BEER.

KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the label without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OJMRIGAR, Sub-Agent.

Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or [illegible] for payment in Bombay.

Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

THORPE & CO.,

HAVE landed the following new Goods :—

GLOVES ! GLOVES ! !

		Rs.	a.
Gent's White Kid	2 Buttons pair	2	4
Gent's Best White French	do. ,,	2	12
Gent's Lavender Best French	do. ,,	3	0
New Regulation for Wear with Khakee	do. ,,	3	8
Black-Dogskin for Rifle Regts	do. ,,	3	8
Gent's Gold Tan Fancy Sewn	do. ,,	3	0
Gent's Kempton Tan Driving	do. ,,	4	0
Ladies' Gold Tan Afghan, 4 Buttons	,,	3	8
Gent's Kid Gloves, Lined, very warm, Spring Tops	,,	4	8
Gent's Brown and White Ringwood Gloves	,,	2	8

TIES AND SCARFS!

THE NEW ASCOT SCARF.
For Knot or Pin, from 10 Ans. each.

THE FOUR-IN-HAND.
For Large Knot, or Pin, Rs. 2 each.

THE NEW KNOT SCARF.
Black Fancy and Self, from 2-8 each.

THE NEW JOURDAIN.
For Knot, Bow, or Ring, from Re. 1-8 each.

WINDSOR SCARVES.
Will Tie, Knot, Bow, or Ring, Rs. 2-8 each.

MADE BOWS.
Plain and Facy Rs. 1-12 each.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW BOMBAY.

THE PIANOFORTES BY MESSRS. T. BLUETHNER OF LEIPZIG,

ARE acknowledged by Professionals to be the finest tuned PIANOS ever manufactured, and we guarantee them to keep in tune for a longer period than even the highest priced PIANOS.

The PIANOFORTE FACTORY OF MESSRS. T. BLUETHNER is the largest in Europe and turns out over 3,000 Instruments yearly, which is equal to 250 monthly, 10 daily, or one PIANO every working hour of the day.

We beg to invite Inspection of the second Shipment of these splendid instruments, just to hand.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE AT

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE INDIAN EMPIRE AND BURMAH FOR MESSRS. T. BLUETHNER'S WORLD RENOWNED PIANOFORTE'S.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.

KING, KING, & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.

LOANS granted on easy terms, Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principa towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge,

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1889, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian house. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances and indices of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera and Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharmacy of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 '864.

Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Russel Street Bloomsbury London.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.

This preparation has been before the public for many years, and has steadily gained in popular favour.

It contains a suitable quantity of Quinine in each dose, combined with the active principles of other well-known medicinal plants, viz., Gentian, Lavender, Burdock, Sarsaparilla, Saffron and Dandelion, mixed scientifically and in happy proportions, thereby forming a Tonic Bitters *positively unequalled*.

The QUININE BITTERS are not recommended to cure "all ills that flesh is heir to," but They give tone,
They strengthen the system,
They improve the appetite,
They give new heart and "go" to all who have lost strength and spirits through long illness;
They revive the spirits, and as such are recommended to people who wish to avoid, or abstain from intoxicants.
They steady the nerves,—as patients who have suffered from sleeplessness, arising from over exertion and anxiety, frequently testify.
They are purely vegetable, and are suitable to all ages, from the infant to the adult, but are peculiary adapted to delicate females.

We shall be pleased to forward a Pamphlet containing Testimonials received from different districts.

We are also in a position to refer any *bona fide* inquirers to responsible people in almost every district, who can speak from experience of the beneficial effects of the QUININE BITTERS.

SPECIMENS OF TESTIMONIALS.

14, Market Square, Wellington, Salop, December 31st, 1888.

Gentlemen,—I find that GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS sell well; and many customers have told me how effectual they have proved for their particular complaint.

* * * *—Yours truly,
J. HALL, Dispensing Chemist.

"Observer" Office, Mumbles, Swansea, March 25th, 1889.

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS in cases of loss of energy and mental depression. One bottle completely proved of inestimable benefit to me.

Yours truly,
ROBERT MORRISON,
Editor "Mumbles Observer."

It is confidently recommended for CLERGYMEN LAWYERS, MERCHANTS, and PROFESSIONAL MEN generally who have to devote themselves to

STUDY AND BRAIN WORK;

To CLERKS, SHOP ASSISTANTS, SEMPSTRESSES, and all who

WORK LONG HOURS IN CLOSE ROOMS;

To the TIN-PLATE and IRON WORKER,

To the COLLIER and MINER, and others who have to

BREATHE IMPURE AIR;

TO FARMERS, QUARRYMEN, LABOURERS,

and all who have to stand

EXPOSURE TO THE WEATHER;

IT GIVES

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK,

HEALTH TO THE SICK,

AND

ENJOYMENT IN LIFE TO ALL.

FRAUDULENT COUNTERFEITS.

We are particularly anxious to caution the public against the attempts of some Members of the Trade to pass substitutes, or even counterfeits of our preparation. Ask plainly for GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS, and see that the name GWILYM EVANS' is on label, stamp, and bottle. Every bottle sent out of the laboratory is prepared according to his recipe, and under his direct management.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists in Bombay and Up-Country at Re. 1 and Rs. 2 per bottle.

References can be made to Mr. NURSILAL DAMODHERDAS MAPERA, No. 7, 3rd Khotwadi.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE SKATING RINK,
OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Evening, 5 to 7-30. 8 annas...Night, 8-30 to 11, Re. 1. Tuesday's Evening, Re. 1 ...Other Evenings, 8 annas. (Unless otherwise advertised.)

THE RINK IS ALSO OPEN EVERY MORNING EXCEPT SATURDAY FOR PRACTICE FOR LADIES ONLY

TO THIS SESSION ADMISSION IS FREE.

SATURDAY MORNING, from 10 to 12-30. and SATURDAY AFTERNOON from 2 to 4, Children's Matinee, Children under 12 free, Adults 8 annas.

GENTLEMENS SPECIAL EARLY MORNING SESSION.

FROM 7 to 9 a.m. Admission 8 Annas Skates free.

THIS WEDNESDAY NIGHT Ladies Invitation Skating Party. Tickets may be procured free of charge on application at Rink office in person.

FRIDAY NIGHT, FEB. 21ST.

Mr. H. A. SIMMONS will give his popular Burlesque, the American Absurdity "THE MASHER."

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 22ND.

CHILDRENS GRAND FETE DAY.

Races for little girls, races for little boys.

BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION.
(COUNCIL HALL, SECRETARIAT.)

OPEN (for one week) from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m.

The BAND of the BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES will PLAY THIS EVENING, the 19th, from 5-30 to 7-3 p.m.

On THURSDAY, Ladies will be admitted between 1 and 5 p.m. After that hour the Exhibition will be thrown open again to the general public.

ADMISSION Re. 1; Season Tickets Rs. 3 each.

THURSDAY, the 20th, will be reserved (from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m.) as a PURDAH DAY.

Admission to School Boys on FRIDAY, the 21st (from 7 a.m. to 3 p.m.), and to GIRLS (from 3 p.m. to 8 p.m.) at As. 4.

Head Masters of Schools are requested to communicate with the Honorary Secretary, if they wish to make any special arrangements.

The rooms are now beautifully lit by Electric Light, which shows the Pictures to the greatest advantage.

February 13, 1890.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.
EVERY EVENING
4 to 12 p. m.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION.
WORLD RENOWNED
MADRAS ACROBATS.

FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE
and in the presence of
T. E. LORD AND LADY REAY.

THE BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC SOCIETY will give a representation at the NOVELTY THEATRE of the highly successful English Opera "The Yeoman of the Guard" by W. S. Gilbert and Sir A. Sullivan, on FRIDAY, the 14th March, MONDAY, 17th March, TUESDAY, 18th March, and during the following week, in aid of the funds of the European General Hospital and the Foundling Hospital.

Seats may be secured at SOUNDY and Co. on and after the 15th February.

WANTED BY THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

A MECHANICAL ENGINEER with second class certificate to take charge of the Love Grove Pumping Station. Salary at starting Rs. 250. Apply to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bombay Municipality.

TENDERS.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for a LOADING BANK at SHEDBAL, between Poona and Belgaum, on the S. M. Railway.

Sealed tenders must reach the Office of the undersigned before the 1st of March, 1890. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept any tender.

All information with regard to the work can be obtained from the Office of the undersigned.

H. H. G. DUNLOP, A.M.I.C.E.,
Resident Engineer, S. M. Railway.

Poona, 12th February, 1890.

THE DAVID MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered office of the Company, No. 14, Rampart Row, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th February, 1890, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1ST.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and Audited statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1889.

2ND.—To sanction the declaration of a dividend.

3RD.—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

4TH.—To elect one or more Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix his or their remuneration.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 24th February to 6th March, 1890, both days inclusive.

By order,
SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 10th February, 1890.

BASEL "MISSION" BALMATHA. CLOTHS are made from the best English Twist. The Tweeds, &c., are made of the Select Patterns, and being woven in the country are much cheaper than imported cloths. They can now be had retail and wholesale from the Depot, No. 27, Hummum Street.

THE NATIONAL
HAIR DYE
REPRODUCES INSTANTANEOUSLY THE ORIGINAL COLOUR OF THE HAIR IN ITS NATURAL SHADE.

IT is innocent, inoffensive, and pleasant to apply, and the Colour it produces is so natural as to defy detection by the closest observer.

Re. Case, complete with Brushes, Re. 1-8.
Prepared expressly in England for
F. S. MADON & CO.,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
BOMBAY.

SYRUP OF
BLACK ALDER.

THIS valuable Medicine possesses in a high degree the laxative and tonic properties of the bark, and it never causes griping. It is invaluable as a Purgative for Children and Delicate ladies.

Per Bottle Re. 1-4.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET, BOMBAY.

FICHU BROOCHES.

LIGHT, delicate, and playful variations in PINS, HEARTS, and DARTS, TRANSFIXED INSECTS, ARROWS, HORSE SHOES, FLOWERS, a long succession of quaint adaptations from which an acceptable present can be selected.

MARCKS AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Re. 1. Up-country commissions attended. Buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness at Re. 1 per day. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse Clinic Rooms under the management of the above-named English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

---

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 6. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 5.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

"R. A." SCOTCH WHISKEY. A fresh shipment of this VERY OLD Whiskey has just been received from Page and Sandeman, by their Bombay Agents—PHIPSON & Co.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks newly laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Pereshaw, Diplemaced Dawk Supplier to the Military to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail or sale. Trial orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

SPONGES! SPONGES!!—Just received our new stock of Bath sponges from Rs. 1-8. Also a nice assortment of Purses, Leather writing Cases Blotters—Photo Albums, &c., &c., Cheapest House.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

TO BE LET.—On the Ridge, MALABAR HILL, the "DEENA LODGE," with a large compound and Lawn Tennis ground. For particulars apply to "F. D. B." care of this Office.

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR JOHN ROSS, K. C. B., says:—"I have stayed at the RIPON HOTEL, Mahableshwar, and have found the rooms most comfortable and clean. I have had Every Reason to be satisfied with all the arrangements of the Hotel."

CRICKET.—The best and the largest depot in India. Send for printed catalogues. All Cricket requisites at very low prices, R. R. PARAKH and Co., 18, Church Gate Street.

MAHABLESHWAR.—GOVERNMENT BUNGALOW No. I, available from 1st. March to 10 April. Apply SUPERINTENDENT.

BONA-FIDE Auction Sale of valuable household furniture by order of the Trustees of Gangjee Virjee, at Apollo Street, Fort, TO-DAY, at 1 p.m.

PRESCRIPTIONS carefully and accurately prepared from the purest and best Drugs at very Moderate Charges.—WRIGHT & Co., Chemists, Mint Road, Fort.

REQUIRED, an ASSISTANT MATHEMATICAL TEACHER a European, Catholic and University Graduate. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 and free furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to The Revd JAMES DOUGAN, Principal St. George's College, Manor House, Mussoorie, N-W.P.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents, (Established 1871,) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY FINE ART SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION. PICTURES received, framed, exhibited, and returned. Framing executed by experienced workmen. The greatest care taken in the unpacking and repacking of Pictures. Pictures will be framed according to the Society's Rules. Charges moderate. B. F. Art Gallery. D. B. DINSHAW & Co.

TO LET.—An OFFICE, in the best business part of the Fort, ground-floor, cool, and spacious—Apply at once to 638 care of this Paper.

TO LET.—Second floor and two newly built shops of House, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort. Apply next door to FURDOONJEE MERWANJEE BANAJEE.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION—Economical management, facilitating most moderate rates of premia, together with complete security. Agents—C. H. B. FORBES and Co. 3, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Batliwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillip and Co., at Re. 1 each.

PATENT SELF DIGESTIVE BREAD, can be had to order, at PEARCE'S, Church Gate Street.

ROSES and other choice FLOWERS of the season, carefully packed and forwarded by rail. THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangum, Poona.

SEWING MACHINES, Tricycles, Bicycles &c., of the finest make, with all the latest improvements.—H. GEYER and Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANOS thoroughly renovated and tuned by Professional Europeans, at moderate rate MARCKS & Co., Limited.

STONEY'S PATENT "SILENT" PUNKAH PULLEYS, perfectly noiseless, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Engineer, Marine Street, Bombay.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road, opposite Bombay Club.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED a large Supply of MUSICAL BOXES playing Native Tunes, with 1, 2, and 3 Springs and with Dancing Girls, &c., Rs. 80, 100, 150 250 400 to Rs. 1,000. STEFFENAUER & Co., Bombay.

REGULATION GLOVES.—For Wear with Khaki 2 Buttons and Thumb pieces as Horse Guards, scale pattern, Rs. 4 per pair. New consignment now landed.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay† Poona and Secunderabad.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KETTAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE. WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription —Re. 10 per year.

NOTI[illegible]

RECEPTION OF H. [illegible] VICTOR[illegible]

A MEETING of [illegible] MITTEE appoint[illegible] H. R. H. PRINCE ALBE[illegible] be held in the Durbar Ro[illegible] DAY, 19th instant, at 5- [illegible] members is particularly re[illegible]

Bombay, 17th Feb. 189[illegible]

TO MILL OW[illegible]

I HEREBY give n[illegible] MITCHEL & Co., [illegible] a[illegible] no longer my Agent[illegible] I have appointed as [illegible] my Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Messrs. SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., Engineers &c., of Bombay, who are empowered to act for me and on my account in all business transactions, and to whom all inquiries respecting my machinery, etc., should now be addressed.—Dated this 28th day of November 1889

SAMUEL BROOKS,
Cotton Machinist.

Union Iron Works, West Gorton, Junction Iron Works Newton Heath, Manchester.

WITH reference to the above ADVERTISEMENT all information and particulars respecting Machinery &c, manufactured by Mr. SAMUEL BROOKS will be furnished by us on application.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE and Co.,
Engineers and Machinery Importers, Khetwady, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
ASHES FOR SALE.

THE acting Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, 19th instant, tenders for the purchase of any number out of 13 lots of Ashes, now lying in the Locomotive Works yard, at Parel and at Byculla depot where the same may be viewed on application

All lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of tender.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Forms (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 20/-, as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and before delivery is made.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING.

NOTICE.

DR. AND MRS. MULLER, living at Darlington, in the Count of Durham, would be glad to communicate with any parents residing in India who are anxious to provide a temporary home for their children in England. "For particulars apply to A. LUCAS, Dhulia, Khandesh."

BHAVNAGAR HARBOUR WORKS.

TENDERS will be received up to the 1st March, 1890 for the supply of five hundred tons of DAVISONS WEST HARTLEY COALS, to be delivered at the port of BHAVNAGAR.

The tenders should be addressed to the STATE ENGINEER, BHAVNAGAR, and should specify proposed date of delivery.

Bhavnagar, 11 February 1890.

EVERY MAN

INTERESTED in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent for three stamps. Address Mr. E. NORTON, 249½, High Holborn, London Eng.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

THE PERFECTION OF A SMOKE,

whether of Pipe, Cigar or Cigarette, is attained by the highest flavour of the Tobacco, with its greatest purity and least harshness. In Cigarettes, which are now so popular there are none more deserving of appreciation than those manufactured by

TH. VAFIADIS,
CAIRO,
AND IMPORTED ONLY BY
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA.

	Per 100
SPECIALS.....	Rs. 4- 8
No. 1, EXTRA SUPERIOR...	,, 3-12
No. 2, MEDIUM.....	,, 2-12

GUARANTEED FRESH AND SOUND.

Fresh shipments received by every alternate Mail steamer.

THE ATTENTION OF
MESS PRESIDENTS
AND
CLUB SECRETARIES
Is respectfully invited to these CIGARETTES.

J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

BRUSH DYNAMO,	16 Arc Lights	(2,000 candle-power each)..	Rs. 800
Do. do.	10 ,,	,, do.	500
EDISON do.	65 Incandescent Lamps,	(20 c. p.)...	400
GRAMME do.	20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20	c. p.	500
GRAMME DYNAMO,	10 Incandescent Lamps of 20 c. p...		180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.

INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.
INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.
Do. WIRE ,, 1 anna ,,

F. FISCHER & Co.

FANCY STATIONERY.

Th. Bombay Gazette Office
16, ESPLANADE, ALBERT BUILDINGS.

		Rs.	a.
Canvas Note and Envelopes, B quality	per packet	1	0
Calico Note and Envelopes	,,	0	12
Brown Holland Note and Envelopes	,,	0	12
Do. do. Grey Calico	,,	1	4
Do. do. Correspondence Cards		0	12
Grey Calico Correspondence Cards		0	12
Floral Note and Envelopes	per packet	0	12
Botanic Note and Envelopes			
Autumn Leaves		0	12
Ivy Correspondence		1	8
"Just a few Words" Correspondence		0	12
Assorted		0	12
Primrose, Bouquet	per packet	0	12
Times Correspondence	,,	0	12
Royal Nursery Correspondence	,,	0	12
Cinderella		0	12
Canvas Shell		0	12
Coin and Frog, assorted		0	12
Parcel Post Cabinet	each	2	4
Fascination Cabinet	,,	6	0
Saratoga Cabinet		3	0
Three Volume Cabinet		4	0
C-24 Cabinet	each	3	0
British Lion and Note and Envelopes	per packet	0	12
Old Saxon Correspondence	,,	0	12
Assorted Superfine and Super Vellum Correspondence		0	12
Imperial Linen Bank Note	per packet	0	12
Athole and Warwick's Note and Envelopes		0	12
Extra Fine Vellum Par and Sil Society, assorted		0	12

Estimates and Drawings on Application.

[illegible] INDIA (LIMITED).
[illegible]ndle Street, London.
[illegible] £935,000
[illegible] £165,250
[illegible] £120,000

[illegible]BANKERS.
[illegible]ENGLAND.
[illegible]L BANK OF ENGLAND,
[illegible]NK F SCOTLAND, Ld.
[illegible]DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
[illegible]on Current Deposit Accounts at [illegible]an the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 [illegible]ill be allowed on balances under

FIXED DEPOSITS.
[illegible] periods, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.

Hon. John Bell-Irving.	S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
W. G. Brodie, Esq.	J. S. Moses, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq.	L. Poesnecker, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq.	N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton.	E. A. Solomon, Esq.

Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.

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LONDON,	HONGKONG,	SHANGHAI.
Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Hoilo.	San Francisco
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking	Hamburg	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent. Terms for shorter periods on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL .....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32 Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

X. CASTELLI,
Rampart Row, W. Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 584,400.
REST..... ,, 152,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—
FIXED, for 12 months..... 5 per cent. per annum.
,, ,, 6 ,, ... 4 per cent. ,,
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balance.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St, Trafalgar Square.

G. W. F. PLAYFAIR,
Manager.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.

These HOTELS are speedily situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FAMILY REMITTANCES. Arrangement made for monthly payments in England.

BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and remitted direct if required.

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BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	8 pct.	935
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	990
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	900
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	125
Chartered and Shanghai	60,000	$125	All	...	453
National Bank	37,330	250	125	5 do.	185

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	10 / p.ct	207 / 150
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	140
Bayley Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil	50
Byramjee Jeejeebhoy & Building Co., Ld.		00	0	6 p.c.	60
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	620
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	180	Rs.	3,075
Do. (3rd issue)	2,000	62	45	Rs.	770
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500		...	90
Cooper, Madon Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	170
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-I-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		4½
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kamp & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 20½	350
Marsden & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	80
Master Hotel Co.	200	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	500	100	100	...	60
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.a.	20
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	360
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	95
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	99
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	80
Telephone Co., Ld.	10,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	15
Treasher & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,210
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour Mill Mody & Co	000	1	125	Nil.	35 25
Bhowanagar City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	330

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,125
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	245
Ellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	405
Carvel's Conveyance P.	0	20	200	Rs. 10	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	135
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 55	315
East India Press Co.	0	1,090	1,000	Rs. 130	1,225
English Press & Mfg.	400	250		Rs. 30	190
Fort Press Co.	150	5,500	5,500	Rs. 1	1,325
French Press Co.	860	500	500	Rs. 85	535
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	44
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	570 x
Manmar Manuf. Co.	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	180
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	55
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	422½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 45	512½
New Indian Press	1,000	125	125	Rs. 11	85
New P. of W. Press	600	800	All	Rs. 40	320
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 50	50
Rind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	47
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,300	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	50	Rs. 25	51
Volkart Press	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	575
Khamgaum Manfg. Co	400		250		60

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIS

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000		1300
Albert Edward Mills		00	500	R	300
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	2	77
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	550	...	28
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	4,000	..	–
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co.	000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1 00	1,000	Rs. 20	460
Bellary S. & W. Mill	871	500	500	Rs. 25	485
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld	700	1,000	1,000	..	510
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	625
Borar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	20	20	Rs. 0	130
Cent al India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	50	500	Rs. 55	880
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	720	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	920
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	70	700	Rs. 25	690
Connaught Mills Ld.	840	0	50	Rs.	600
Coorla S. & W. Ld.,	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	450
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,600	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	440
Dhan Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 00	900
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,4150	50	5	Rs.	500
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1	1,0	Rs. 25	460
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co.	700	15	15	Rs. 20	112½
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited		1,0	1,00	..	..
Guzerat S. & W. Co.	12	1,0	1,0	..	..
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	700xd
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	50	5	..	100
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	570	00	Rs. 57	725nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,00	1,0	0Rs. 0	705
Indian Mfg Co., Ld.	600	1,00	1,0	0Rs. 50	875
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,360	50	5	Rs. 2	400
Jamshed Mfg.	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	250
James Greaves Mill	1,320	50	5	Rs. 1	660
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	50			10
Increased	1,188	25	2	Rs. 1	
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld.	–	900	1,000	..	615
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,00	1,0	Rs. 40	840
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	560
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	545
Lakhmidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,00	Rs. 50	792½
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	100	Rs. 5	150
Madras United S.	500½		1,00	Rs. 25	1,350
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	400nl
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	10
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	105
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,00	1,000	Rs. 75	1,650
Manekjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,120
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,	1,000	Rs. 25	600
National S. & W. Co	800	1,	1,000	..	250
Oriental S & W. Co.,	5,720		625	Rs. 12½	350
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co.,	745	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,060
Prince of Wales S.	2,188		125	..	10
Queen S. & W. Co.,	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	680
Sipon Mfg. Co., Ld	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,050
sson S.& W.Co., Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	25	1,0
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	50	500	...	50
Sholapore S.& W.Co		10	1,00	Rs. 6	1,275
Soondercas S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 35	11
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	265
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld.	4,000	500	500		270
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 4	6.0
Sun Mills Ld	1,360	250	250	..	260
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.,	600	0	1,00	Rs. 25	37
Veeramgaum S. & Mfg	800	500	500		..
Venkshunker Laxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	500
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	870
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,050
Prince of Wales	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,650

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G I. P. R. Gt 5 per ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,55
B. B. & C. I. R. Guarant d 5 per cent	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	420

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 18.

FROM GLASGOW.

Nubia s—15 cases provision, Cowasjee Sorabjee.

FROM LONDON.

Mossilia s—3 cases medecine, 91 hogsheads wine Phillips and Co.

Huzara—s 4 cases ink, K R Setna.

Pekin—s 4 cases glassware, Fazall M Raysee; 2 cases printed books, A Ramchander; 3 cases cheese, bacon and ham, B J Buxey and Co; 66 cases provision, &c., R Dorobji Subedar; 9 cases cheese &c., Bolton and Co; 9 cases oilmenstore, &c. Essoopally Russooljee; 3 cases medicine, &c., Wright and Co; 7 cases medicine, H Mooljee and Co; 40 cases gin, D Dadabhoy.

Wardha—s 3 hogsheads rum, D Cowasji.

Govino—s 15 cases provision, Cowasjee Sorabjee.

FROM HAMBURG.

Rheinfels—s 2 casks rectified spirit Cowasjee Nowrojee

Atrato—s 21 cases gin, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

Dupdale —s 18 cases brandy, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

FROM CHARANTE.

Sutley —s 50 cases brandy, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperator s—14 bales paper, Esmaljee Ebramjee; 3 cases glassware, Adum Sajun; 18 bales printing paper, A A A Ruham.

Medus s—3 cases soap, &c, J H Giga.

Maria Tereza s—10 cases aniline color, S Narain and Co; 26 bales papers, Jetha Dosa; 10 cases slate pencils, &c, A Amroodin, 5 cases soap, Abdoolally Tyebally; 4 cases glassware, Soomar Sewjee; 88 cases writing papers, S A S Dawood; 5 bales printing papers, A Essoofally; 3 cases glassware, S Ruttonjee Sett; 2 cases spectacles, E Tyebally.

FROM HULL.

Clio s—50 drums linseed oil, R M Cheesgar and Co; 125 casks olum, Gonda Vallubjee.

FROM BREMEN.

Rheinfels s—6 cases claret, &c, Glade and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Pekin, s—50 cases brandy, D Cowasjee; 50 cases brandy, Walter Nutter and Co; 35 cases brandy Sorabjee Cowasjee; 52 cases brandy, D Dadabhoy.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Art Exhibition, 7 a. m. to 8 p.m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.

Prince Albert Victor Reception Committee, Town Hall, 5-15 p.m.

Temperance Association Meeting in Money School, 5-30 p.m.

Music at the Parsee Gymkhana, 5-30 p.m.

Switchback Railway.

Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Karagola (s), from Karachi, &c.; Brindisi (s), London; Rannoch (s), Cochin; and Alberta (s), Batavia.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Joseph Arbib (s), for Karachi; and Chilka (s), Calcutta.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Brindisi entered the dock yesterday.

FAIR.—The annual Champa Gully Fair will be held this evening.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The mails for the Persian Gulf will be closed at 7-30 a.m., to-morrow.

SUPPOSED ELOPEMENT WITH A WIDOW.—Hurgovind Dulab, residing at Cavel Street, reports that his sister Hechabai, a widow, aged 22 years, has been missing since Monday morning. She had on gold and silver ornaments, to the value of Rs. 1,253. She is supposed to have eloped with a neighbour, named Ragoonath Davechund.

LADY REAY'S VISIT TO THE BEGUM SAHEB OF MANGROL.—Her Excellency Lady Reay paid a return visit to the Begum Saheb of Mangrol on Monday evening, at her bungalow, on the Chowpatee Road. Her Excellency stayed there for nearly half an hour. There were also present on the occasion some Parsee and Mahomedan ladies of high families.

THE ART EXHIBITION.—"One with Limited Means" writes to us:—"As I see from your advertisement columns that the Bomby Art Exhibition is only open for some four days more, will you kindly use your voice as you did last year in recommending that it be kept open for a further period of a week or so at a reduced price of admission, so as to enable persons with limited means with their families to be present."

MUSIC AT THE PARSEE GYMKANA.—The following programme of music will be played by the Portuguese Union Band at the Parsee Gymkana, Marine Lines, at 5-30 p. m., this evening.

March	Wild Monarch ... R. Smith
Overture	Light Cavalry ... Suppe
Valse	Simpate Tone ... Gungl
Bolléro	Los Contrabandistas ... Raivy
Quadrille	Les Brigands ... Straus

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THEFT BY AN OLD OFFENDER.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Police Inspector MacCormack placed a man, named Shewlinga, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charging him with the theft of a brass utensil, valued at Rs. 5. It appeared that while the complainant was drawing water in Samuel Street, the accused, made off with the vessel, while his back was turned. Several witnesses were called, and the accused was, upon their evidence, convicted. Three previous convictions were proved against him, and his Worship sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE ADDRESS TO MR. GUNION.—The ex-students of the Samaldas College, Bhavnagar, assembled at the Adamji Peerbhai Sanitarium at 4 p.m., to present a valedictory address to Mr. R. H. Gunion, late Principal of the Samaldas College, on severing his connection with that institution. After a few introductory remarks by Mr. Limaye, the late Professor of Sanskrit, expressing the deep loss that the College would sustain in his departure, the address, a copy of which we have already published, was read by one of the students, and presented to him, enclosed in an ivory casket, inlaid with an engraved silver plate. Mr. Gunion replied to the address in a few touching words. Garlands and bouqets were then distributed, after which Mr. Gunion drove away amid the hearty cheers of the students.

A THIEF AND MARWAREE RESETTERS OF STOLEN PROPERTY.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Hoosein Abdool, a mill-hand, and two Marwarrees, named Boodia Natha and Vissa Nursey, were brought up on remand, and charged by Inspector McCubbin before Mr. P. Ryan, Hoosein Abdoola with stealing on the 8th instant three brass bearings and 18 brass spindle sockets, of the collective value of Rs. 20, the property of the Morarjee Gocouldass Mill, Parel, and the two Marwarrees, dealers in brass and copperware, with receiving and retaining the said stolen property, knowing the same to have been stolen, Hoosein Abdool who was employed in the Morarjee Gocouldass Mill, after stealing the brass articles, sold them to the two Marwarrees for a trifling sum of money. On the charge being proved against the three accused, they were all convicted. Hoosein Abdool was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonmen', and the two Marwarrees were fined Rs. 50 each, or in default to undergo a term of three months' rigorous imprisonment.

FATAL FALL DOWN A SHIP'S HOLD.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the morgue, respecting the death of Namdarkhan Rhymonkhan, aged 25 years. Deceased was a labourer, employed on board the s. s. Arabia, lying in this harbour. On Monday night, at 8-30 p. m., deceased went to the 'tween decks to sleep along with some other labourers, about 9 p.m. An officer appeared, and told them to go and sleep on deck, that not being the proper place for them to sleep. Some of the men, including the deceased, said as it was very cold on deck they preferred sleeping below. The officer, however, insisted on them going to the upper deck, when they got up to go on deck. It is alleged that the officer went up to the deceased who was standing apart from others, and after questioning him as to who he was, struck him a blow on the chest. Deceased thereupon began to move backwards when the officer followed him up. Deceased continued to move backwards, not looking where he was going until he tumbled against an open hatch and fell into the hold, a depth of about 12 feet. He was picked up unconscious and taken ashore in a boat, whence he was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital. He was then pronounced to be dead by the House Surgeon of the Hospital, At this stage the inquest was adjourned for further enquiry to Saturday.

AN UNREGISTERED NEWSPAPER.—Bramachara Madhwanand Sadanad and Babajee Gunpat Pinglay were yesterday placed before Mr. Richardson, at the Esplanade Police Court, charged with neglecting to register a newspaper, called the *Bhownagger Exposure Gazette*. Sadanad is the proprietor, and Pinglay the printer and publisher of the journal, of which three issues have appeared. It contained derogatary statements regarding the Thakor of Bhownugger. Mr. Little prosecuted, and Mr. Gilbert appeared for the proprietor of the paper. He contended that there was no occasion to register it, as it was only intended for private circulation, was issued at irregular periods, and was not charged for. The paper had been sent to H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor, the Duke of Connaught, H. E. the Viceroy, Lord Reay, and many officials in high position, including the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The paper had also been freely circulated to the public at the meeting which had taken place at the Town Hall. The printer admitted having received the matter for publication, and upon it being shown that they had agreed to register the paper, since the institution of the present suit they were convicted. His Worship ordered them to register the paper at once, and fined the proprietor Rs. 100, and the printer Rs. 50, in default of which each was to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

MISS MAGGIE FORD'S COMEDY AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.—The special engagement of Miss Maggie Ford, with the Ferrell Comedy Company, terminated on Saturday night last, and the talented artiste once more resumes the reins of management. Under the style of the "Maggie Ford Comedy and Burlesque Company" the favourite comedienne last evening left Poona for Secunderabad, where the company commence operations on Wednesday next, continuing their performances nightly at the various Regimental Theatres and Clubs, until the 4th March, when Ahmednugger, Poona, and Kirkee will be visited prior to their departure for Mussoorie. Miss Ford has surrounded herself with a most excellent company, amongst whom we notice the names of Mr. F. H. Spencer, Mr. J. Devon, (who joins the company on the 24th) Mons. Riviere, the talented musician, Mr. Allan Hamilton, and Miss May Verrini. The new-comers include Miss Laura Roberts, Mr. Sidney Herbert, and Miss Pauncefort, all of whom will make their first appearance before an Indian audience. Miss Ford's reportoire is a particularly strong one and with such pieces as "Æsop's Fables" (the latest London farcical comedy), "Mamma," "The Arabian Nights," "The Barrister" (the farcical absurdity), "Snapping Turtles," Good-for-Nothing, "Betsy Baker," "Ruth's Romance," "Naval Engagements," &c., there should be no lack of fun wherever the company appear. We heartily wish Miss Ford every success, and shall be pleased to welcome her back to Poona.—*Deccan Herald.*

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 16.

Thomas, Capt, Bo, on duty, from England.

FEBRUARY 17.

Montgomery, Capt, Bo, Marine Batt, on duty, from Poona.

Clark, Captain, Ms 2nd Somerset, on leave, from Belgaum.

Randolph, Captain, Bo, Lanc Fusls, on leave, from Ahmednagar.

Elmslie, Lieut, Bo, Lanc Fusls, on leave, from Ahmednagar.

FEBRUARY 18.

Hussay, Lt-Col, Bo, Comdt Deolali, on leave, from Deolali.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 18.

Doun, Surgen, Bo, Medical Staff, on duty, to Kamptee.

Montgomery, Capt, Bo, Marine Batt, on duty, to Poona.

Hunfrey, Lt-Col, Bo, 10th B L I, from leave, to Poona.

FEBRUARY 19.

Von-Donop, Maior, Bengal, R E, on duty, to Karachee.

Molyneu, b Major, Bengal, 1st B I, on leave, to Karachee.

Inglis, Col, Bengal, 35th Sikhs, to rejoin Regt, to Ferozepore.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding Bo. Vol. R. Corps.
Bombay, 19th February, 1890.

1. The Regiment will parade at 6-15 a.m. on Wednesday next, the 19th instant, at the Cruckabank Road, end of the Parade ground, to take part in a rehearsal of the movements which will be executed at His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief's field day next month. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to Company N. C Officers detailed for that purpose. Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars on Wednesday, the 19th instant, as follows:—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens at 5-30 a.m.—

St. Mary's College.—Two double cars leave Victoria Gardens at 5-30 a.m.

2. "F" Company class-firing will commence on Friday, the 21st instant, and close on Friday, the 28th instant. Any member not completing his class-firing within the prescribed time, and not being efficient will not be eligible for the prizes presented by the officers of the Company.

3. The class of Instruction for Proficiency Certificates will assemble at Head-Quarters at 5-45 this evening, and every Wednesday until further orders.

4. The Commanding officer has been pleased to grant Lieutenant J. H. Ferneux leave of absence from 19th February to 19th May 1890, both days inclusive

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

5. Members who wish to attend Mr. Steel's lectures are informed that the first will take place at 7-15 a. m. on Tuesday, the 25th instant, at the Veterinary College, Parel.

By Order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain and
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDER
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.

For the week commencing Monday, 17th February 1890.

1 The following drills will take place this week:—

To-day (Wednesday).—Gun drill in the Arsenal Compound at 7 a.m.

To-morrow (Thursday).—Gun drill in the Arsenal Compound at 7 a.m.

2. The Battery will parade at the Apollo Bunder on Saturday next the 22nd instant at 4-15 p.m., and proceed to Middle Ground for practice from the 9 R.M.L. gun. Dress.—Uniform and helmets without ball badge or chin chain.

3. The proficiency class will meet at Head Quarters at 6-30 p.m. on Friday next the 21st instant.

4. The order for class-firing to-day and on Friday next is cancelled owing to the meeting of the Bo Vol Rifle Association.

5. Members are reminded to send in as early as possible lists of Government or private property lost in the move from the segregated camp to Colaba Depot.

6. There will be no meeting of the Volunteer Rifle Association on Wednesday at Coorla, and the Matches final for that day will be fired on Thursday, and those fixed for Thursday on Friday.

By order,
A. LICKLEY, Captain.
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, February 15, 1890.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr R T Hobart has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service.

MEDICAL.

The services of Surgeon W H B Robinson, Bengal Establishment, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

POLICE.

The services of Mr A Shuttleworth, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The services of Lieutenant P T Bell, Bombay Staff Corps, 5th Regiment, Bombay Light Infantry, Assistant Commandant, Military Police, Upper Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The services of the Reverend W J Burdett, Chaplain of Roorke, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, for employment as Chaplain of Jubbulpore, with effect from the date on which he may take over charge of his duties at Jubbulpore.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The following temporary promotions are made during the absence on three months' privilege leave of Mr A L Home, Conservator of Forests, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, Bengal, with effect from 30th December, 1889, and until further orders:—

Mr R H C Whittall, Conservator, 3rd grade, Punjab, to officiate in the 2nd grade of Conservators.

Mr H H Davis, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Bengal, to officiate in the 3rd grade of Conservators and to hold charge of the Bengal Forest Circle.

Mr J T Jellicoe, Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, Assam, to officiate in the 1st grade of Deputy Conservators.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Mr R H Gunion, Principal of the Samaldas College, Bhavnagar, is appointed to be Principal of the Residency College, Indore, with effect from the date of assuming charge, vice Mr J W D Johnstone.

Surgeon G J H Bell, M B, Indian Medical Service, (Bengal) Officiating Civil Surgeon of Bikanir, is granted privilege leave for forty-two days.

Mr R A Simpson, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, second class, Burma, is appointed to be an Assistant Commissioner of third class, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Lieut J L Kaye, officiating Squadron Officer, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, officiating as 3rd Squadron Commander, in addition to his other duties, from the 12th Sept to 30th Oct 1888.

The following appointments are made in the Merwara Battalion, with effect from the date of assuming charge, consequent on the departure on leave of Capt G A Collins, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Commander and 2nd in Command, and until further orders:—

Capt G H G Moore, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, to officiate as Wing Commander and 2nd in Command.

Lieut C B Baldock, Bengal Staff Corps, attached to the Battalion, to officiate as Wing officer and Adjutant.

Surgn G S Robertson, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), on special duty under the Foreign Department, is granted privilege leave for three months.

Mr D E McCraoken, Assistant to the General Superintendent of Operations for the suppression of Thagi and Dacoity, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 12th February, 1890, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Mr E Gay, Comptroller and Auditor General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, is granted furlough without medical certificate for 1 year, 7 months and 15 days.

The services of Mr C E Crawley, Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

Mr W Merrett, Deputy Post Master, Bombay, is appointed Presidency Post Master, Madras, *vice* Mr S Sullen, deceased.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Staff Corps.

The undermentioned officers having completed eighteen months' probationary service are admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Edmond Johnston Drumond, West Yorkshire Regiment, officiating Wing Officer, 2nd Battalion, 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Gurkha Regiment (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Lieutenant Harry Arthur Hale Thompson, East Surrey Regiment, officiating Wing Officer, 1st Battalion 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Gurkha Regiment (The Sirmoor Rifles.)

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India:—

Colonel B Lovett, C B, C S I, R E, Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, temporary 1st class, Military Works Department (p a) for one year; Lieutenant F W Repton, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, (p a) for one year and 182 days; Lieutenant H B Stanford, R A, Ordnance Officer, 3rd class, (m c) for six months.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Captain and Brevet Major F H R Drummond, Bengal Staff Corps, 11th (Prince of Wales' Own) Regiment of Bengal Lancers, Inspector of Cavalry, Punjab States, for 270 days.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Lieutenant G F Rowcroft, Bengal Staff Corps, 15th (The Ludhiana Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year; Lieutenant E. L. Williams, Bengal Staff Corps, 20th (The Duke of Cambridge's Own Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, for one year; Lieutenant M. B. Roberts, Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkha Regiment, for one year.

The leave granted to Major R C B Lawrence, 1st Dragoon Guards, District Staff Officer, 1st class, in G G O No 729 of 1889, has been commuted by the Secretary of State for India to leave out of India, (m. c.) for six months.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extentions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:—

Colonel R E K Money, Bengal Staff Corps, (p. a.) till 17th February, 1891; Colonel J B Smith, Bengal Staff Corps, (p a) for six months; Lieutenant-Colonel W V Ellis, Bengal Staff Corps, (p a) for six months; Major G L R Richardson, Bengal Staff Corps, (u p a) for one month; Lieutenant J T Evatt, Bengal Staff Corps, (m c) for two months; Lieutenant H E Boileau, Bengal Staff Corps, (m c) for three months.

Colonel A Fitzgerald, General List Infantry, is permitted to reside out of India.

PROMOTIONS.

Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 10th November, 1881, the names of the following officers are moved up on the Indian Gradation List, in consequence of the transfer to the Unemployed Supernumerary List, on the 29th December, 1889, of Major-General S Black, C S I, Bengal Staff Corps, whose name is borne on the list of Lieutenant-Generals of the Indian Army:—Major-General R Q Mainwaring, Madras Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Generals; Colonel H C Menzies, Madras Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Major-Generals.

The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

Captains to be Majors—Henry Macan Mason and Duncan Chesney.

Lieutenant-General George Tomkyns Chesney, KCB, CSI, CIE, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance, vice Field Marshall Lord Napier of Magdala, GCB, GCSI, deceased.

RETIREMENTS.

Honorary Captain and Deputy Commissary William John Routleff, Commissariat Department, is permitted to retire from the service.

REWARDS.

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion in and admission to the Order of British India, with effect from the date specified:—

BOMBAY.

To the 1st class, with the title of "Sirdar Bahadur."

Subadar-Major Jagan Nath Pande, Bahadur, 25th Regiment (3rd Battalion, Rifle Regiment) of Bombay Infantry, vice pensioned Subadar-Major Babaji Morusker, Sardar Bahadur, deceased.

To the 2nd class, with the title of "Bahadur."

Subadar Dhaku Kubre, 25th Regiment (3rd Battalion Rifle Regiment) of Bombay Infantry, vice Subadar-Major Jagan Nath Pande, Bahadur, promoted.—

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Promotions.

The following promotions are made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant J A Gibbon, RE, from Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, sub pro tem, to Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, permanent; Lieutenant E R D Stokes-Roberts, RE, from Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, sub pro tem, to Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, permanent; Lieutenant A L Swainson, RE, from Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, sub pro tem, to Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, permanent; Lieutenant C R Stevens, RE, from Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, sub pro tem, to Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, permanent.

The date of permanent promotion to Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, of the undermentioned officers attached to State Railways, is antedated to 10th June, 1887:—

Messrs H S Harington, T Michell, G Movle, T E Curry, J S Brown, H C Knox, and G A Anderson.

Mr E J Neuville, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Burma, is granted furlough out of India for two years.

Mr. C W E Henslowe, Executive Engineer, 1st grade State Railways, is, at his own request, permitted to retire from the service of Government.

LADY REAY'S FANCY FAIR.

NOTICE.

WANTED CONTRIBUTIONS of all sorts of LIVE ANIMALS, BIRDS, &c., suitable for a PET STALL, such as—

Puppies, Owls, Panther Cubs, Guinea-pigs, Kittens, Canaries, Antelopes, Cheetah Cubs, Cockatoos, Cats, Calves, Monkeys, Mynas, Mongooses, Hedgehogs, Tiger Cubs, Lambs, Hawks, Dogs, Rabbits, Kangarroos, Lovebirds, Young Lions, Kids, Porcupines, Pigeons, Donkey Foals, Goslings, Baby-Bears, Tortoises, Lemurs, Guinea-fowl, Gold and Silver Fish in bowls, Bullfinches, Bulbuls, Chameleons, Parrots, Hares, Foxes, Doves, Aquarial, Turkeys, Flamingoes, Deer, Gazelles, Jungle-fowl, Squirrels, Peacocks, Otters, Sarus Cranes, and White Mice.

All Contributions to be addressed to

H. M. PHIPSON,
Honorary Secretary,
Lady Reay's Fund,
6, Apollo Street, Fort.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!!

JUST arrived at Bombay, a SHIPMENT of 350 HORSES, selected by the well-known importer, C. G. Baldock, consisting of Upstanding Carriage Pairs, from 15 hands to 16 hands 3 in. high, weight carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also a choice selection of Dog-Cart and Brougham Horses. To be inspected, opposite the Tramway Stables, Colaba.

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*AGENTS WANTED.

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SURGEON-OBSTETRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON.

Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and Hospital for Diseases of Women, London,

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Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

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AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1890.

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INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., 41, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.

On FRIDAY, the 21st inst. at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms, Medow Street No. 2,

By order of whom it may concern and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Schiller Bosogan and Co.—

2036—2038-SI—Ten cases containing 30 pieces hand, Treadle, Medium, and Hand and Foot Sewing Machines, made on Singer System by Gritzaner and Co, of Germany.

Now on view.

SALES OF two vacant pieces of land in very close proximity to the Mhaim Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

High Court Suit, No. 258 of 1887.

Pranjivandas Samuldas and other.....Plaintiff,

vs.

Govind Ramjee.....Defendant.

Under intructions of the Receiver in the above suit, and on account and at the risk of Govind Ramjee the Defendant and first purchaser, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises, (if not previously disposed of by private contract) on WEDNESDAY the 18th day of March next at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, viz.—

All that vacant piece of Land, situate on either side of, and in very close proximity to, the Mahim Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

The piece of land, situate on the east of the station admeasures 28,418 square yards or thereabouts, and is well adapted for a large Mill, a portion of the land has been quarried upon, and this would serve the purpose of a tank, or, at any rate, facilitate the digging thereof.

The other piece, which is situate on the other side of the said station, admeasures 12,796 square yards or thereabouts, and, on account of its situation, is admirably situated for a chawl or range of buildings.

Both lots will be sold together or separately as may be found convenient or advisable.

For further particulars apply to the Receiver's Attorneys Messrs. Mansukhlal, Damodar and Jamsetjee, at their office. No. 91. Medows Street or to the undersigned.

Dated this 19th day of February 1890.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Bombay, 19th Feb. 1890, Auctioneers.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF Valuable Landed property at "Sleater Road Tardeo" near the Western Entrance to the B. B. and C. I. Railway Co.'s Grant Road Station.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY the 19th day of February 1890 at 4 o'clock Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co., Auctioneers, by order of Charles Agnew Turner Esquire Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and effects of Maneckjee Edulji Contractor otherwise known as Maneckjee Edulji Tadiwalla, and with the concurrence of the mortgagees, will put for sale by public auction at the premises in Sleater Road Tardeo, near the Western entrance to the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's Grant Road Station the following very valuable Leasehold property subject to the particulars and conditions of sale hereinafter mentioned viz.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land situate on the northside of the "Sleater Road" leading to the Grant Road Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,300 square yards or thereabouts (forming a portion of a large piece of land known as the Angirbaug which is registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under old Nos. 54, 55, 104, 150, 151, 307, 378, 385 and 388 new Nos. 13,455, 13,454, 13,456, 13,889, 13,891, 13,893 and 13,895, Old Survey Nos. 201, 202, 204, 205-206 and 2 7 and new Survey Nos. 7,049) and having a frontage of 110 feet upon the Sleater Road. Aforesaid and bounded on the south by Sleater Road, on or towards the West and North by vacant ground leased to the said Maneckjee Eduljee Contractor, and on or towards the East by ground reserved for a passage of 25 feet in width. Together with the very substantial and costly buildings erected and in course of erection thereon, and still unfinished but already roofed in, consisting of 4 several blocks or compartments, each comprising a ground floor and two upper stories.

The premises are held along with others under an underlease for the residue of a term of 99 years commencing from 16th October 1888. The ground Rent payable in respect of the premises to be sold amounts to Rs. 49-7 per mensem.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, Solicitors to the Mortgagee, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 19th February 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No 22, APOLLO STREET.

The AUCTION SALE of SALT advertised to take place to-day is postponed until further Notice.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo Street, Fort, next to old Pearse and Co.'s shop, valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, fancy table ornaments, one folding harmonium, carpet, table lamps, &c., the property of a gentleman.

The above is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account and risk of Alla Rakhia Sachoo—

40-41—2 cases glassware.

On account and risk of Abdool Ally Ebramjee—

M. P. & Co 70-76—7 cases eau-de-cologne.

On account and risk of Cassam Hajee Esmail and Mahomed Ebrahim—

96 97-99 100 105—6 cases glassware.

98 102 —2 " "

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, valuable blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, hand ome China and Japanese flower vases, table and hanging kerosine lamps, mahogany cottage Pianoforte by Broundy and Co., plants, &c., the property of J. MORRIS, Esq.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PLANTS IN TUBS AND POTS AT MOUNT PLEASANT ROAD, MALABAR HILL.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 7-30 a.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, a collection of very valuable and rare plants consisting of ferns of various sorts, Begonias, Crotons, Palms Anthurium, roses, &c., the property of Major W. S. S. Bisset, R. E

Catalogues are published and the plants are on view.

N. B.—The fern-house will be sold at 8-30 a.m.

AUCTION SALE OF CYLINDER AND MACHINE OIL.

On SATURDAY the 22nd instant, at 3-30 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, about 19 casks consisting of cylinder, marine cylinder, vacuum spindle and machine oil.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

On MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, near the bridge, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, handsome China and Japanese vases, fancy table ornaments, oleographs and pictures, table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of Captain EARDLY-WILMOT.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION OF AUSTRALIAN HORSES IMPORTED BY MR. C. G. BALDOCK FROM AUSTRALIA.

On WEDNESDAY, 26th instant, at 3-30 p.m. at Colaba, opposite the Tramway Stables, 25 horses will be sold at Auction to the highest bidder on the above date. A rare chance to secure first class horses at a cheap rate.

Particulars of the horses are in the course of preparation.

On THURSDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p. m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Tardeo, opposite to Mr. A. F. Moos's Bungalow, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polish household furniture, plated, glass and crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures, table and hanging kerosine lamps, Brussel's carpets, &c., the property of a gentleman.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BURNT BUILDING MATERIALS AND DEBRIS.

On Friday, the 21st instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Nagdevi Street or Farbhaya Moholla, the burnt building materials and debris of the house of Mr. Currimjee Allibhoy of Baroda recently destroyed by fire.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 1st March next, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Parel, the valuable and handsome France-polished plain and carved household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockeryware, handsome table and kerosine lamps, pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, &c., &c., the property of G. H. LUIS, Esq. The above will be on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at their rooms a quantity of gray and coloured piece goods.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1. Handsome strong-built Victoria in very good order.
1. Powerful grey Arab horse 14, 2½, goes in harness and saddle.
1 Second-hand strong built glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1. Handsome flea-bitten iron grey Arab horse, quiet to ride and drive.

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE.

On a day to be hereafter fixed, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Colaba, opposite the Sassoon Dock, the very valuable and elegant Wimbridge pattern, household furniture, piano, horses, carriage, &c., consisting of rich real Baccarat glassware, superior sarlequenuines, crockery ware, drawing, dining, bed, bath room and cook room furniture, extensive and complete and nearly new, very rare and valuable Japanese cabinets, Schiedmayer and Sohnes nearly new semi-grand piano, rich Chinese Japanese, majolica and bronze ornaments, oil paintings, mirrors, hanging, very valuable chiming clocks, landau and pair of black Arab horses, 2 grey arab riding and carriage horses, &c., &c., the propety of F. Fischer, Esq., proceeding Europe.

Catalogues will be published and the properly will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, F h, 1890.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 18.

FIVE lakhs of Wire Transfers on Bombay were placed by the Indian Council at 1s. 5d. yesterday; and Silver, which is now following Exchange, was quoted 3-16d higher, at 43⅞d. per oz. Rupee Securities were ¼ per cent. higher in Fours, and ⅛ in 4½ per cents., at £69⅜ and £71 respectively. The Exchange Bank's buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, remained at 1s. 4⅞d. The market rates of discount were unchanged, and about £125,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England; but Consols were ⅛ per cent. lower, at 97½. Indian Sterling Loan was unaltered at 107¼. Quotations for French Rentes, and Paris Exchange on London, show no change.

In General Produce, the only change reported is a decline of 1d. in White Delhi Wheat on the spot in Liverpool, at 6s. 9d. per cental ex-quay, other quotations in this market coming as on Friday, as also those for Linseed and Rapeseed.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet last evening generally, but Surats were firmer in tone though without any alteration in price. The total Sales aggregated 7,000 bales, including 1,000 Surats. Spot Mid.-American remained at 6 1-16d. per lb.; but Arrivals were 1-64d. down in the nearer position, and 1-32d. in the more distant, at 6 1-32d. for February deliveries to 6⅛d. for June-July.

May Futures were 4 points lower in New York yesterday at 11·29 cents; but the spot price was unaltered at 11 5-16 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 14,000 bales; and the figures now give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Monday's Receipts ...	14,000	20,000	10,000
Two days' do. ...	26,000	36,000	21,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889...	5,173,000	4,741,000	4,778,000

Our local Cotton Market has relapsed into a quiet state, and only a small business has transpired to-day, while prices have receded to the extent of a rupee per candy in Bhownugger and Broach, other growths being generally unchanged in value. About 1,500 bales of ready Julgaum were taken at Rs. 205-6½; the only other purchases reported being a few hundred bales of Bhownugger, at Rs. 229; and a little Barsee at Rs. 228 per candy.

WHEAT has been steady in tone, but the demand which was felt last week has subsided to a great extent, aid only a moderate business has been done to-day on the basis of previous rates.

SEEDS also now lack the animation which characterised the market lately, and transactions have been upon a reduced scale; but prices are unaltered for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	17,385 bales.
Wheat	14,621 owts.
Linseed	13,410 "
Rapeseed	7,776 "
Gingelly	13,726 "
Ground Nuts	8,996 "
Castor Seed	2,273 "

FREIGHTS are quiet but steady. Business has been done for Antwerp for April shipment, at 22s. per ton; and for Liverpool, for March shipment, at 23s. 9d. to 24s. per ton. For spot loading, some business has been done for Liverpool in cotton, at 27s. 6d. to 28s. 9d. per ton.

EXCHANGE has been firm all day, and closed for Bank remittance 1-32d. higher than the morning's rates. Business has been very dull, if anything more so than yesterday, no Merchants' Bills coming out at the advance, and remitters entirely neglecting the favourable drawing rates offered. Bank Telegraphic may be quoted at 1s. 4 15-16d. for the 7th March transfer, 1s. 4 13-16d. for the 7th April, and 1s. 4 11-16d. for May, and Credits are 1s. 5 7-32 to 3-16d. for March, and 1s. 5⅛d. for April delivery, ready rates being as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand.....1s. 5 1-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic .....1s. 4 31-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight...1s. 5¼d.	"
Credits do. ....1s. 5¼d.	"
Francs do. ....1'31½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has further advanced 3-16 per cent. in Fours for cash, 98⅜ having been quoted throughout the day, and was also the closing price. For the next settlement 98 15-16 became the rate, and 99⅜ for the end of March account. Par being still the nominal rate for 4½ per cents.

SHARES.—This market keeps devoid of animation, and the tone with regard to Cotton Mill shares shows no general improvement, though in a few instances prices have tended in favour of sellers. We make a decline this evening of Rs. 20 in Imperial; of Rs. 5 each in Queen, City of Bombay Manufacturing, and Colaba Land and Mill; and of Rs. 2½ in Manockji Petit, at our quotations. Luckmidas Khimji, on the other hand, are Rs. 12½ higher, at Rs. 792½. Bombay Cotton Press are Rs. 2½ higher, at Rs. 135. Bapty Flour are Rs. 2 down, at Rs. 50. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ lower, at Rs. 935.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Feb. 18.—Barometer has risen everywhere, the rise is rapid in Bengal, and depression has almost disappeared, the distribution is fairly normal. Readings are highest in the North-West, and low over Bengal and the Bay area. Wind is north-westerly down the Gangetic plain and into the Carnatic, rather variable elsewhere. The force is strong at the head of Bay, fresh at Bombay, Veraval, and Rajkot. Temperature has fallen in north-western and central parts of India, except on the hills; it is generally risen elsewhere. Weather is fine, though slightly cloudy, and the only rain reported is a shower at Sibsagar. Conditions promise generally fine weather.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 18.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Land line Bankok to Saigon interrupted.

Mails for Persian Gulf close at Karachi at 7-30 a.m., on Thursday 20th instant.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 18th Feb. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	18	4	53	3	37
Teheran	18	6	53	...	48
Suez	18	6	51	...	58

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 18th Feb. 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	54	...	...
" Karrachee ...	...	18	...	2
" Madras	...	35	...	3

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, FEB. 17.

10 p.m.	76·2

TUESDAY, FEB. 18.

6 a.m.	71·6
10 a.m.	77·4
2 p.m.	81·4
4 p.m.	81·3

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 17th February 1890.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.....	29·834
Temperature of the Air	78·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	72·4
Dew Point	70·0
Relative humidity of Air	764
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	2·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	83·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	72·5
General Directions of Wind'...NW, E, ENE, WNW, NW, NNW.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours'.....	234

From midnight to midnight.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

COULTER—February 9, at Calcutta, the wife of Sergeant-Major Robert Coulter, Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, of a son.

HENDERSON—February 1, at Kekragool Tea Estate, Sylhet, the wife of W. Henderson, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

HEATH—SIBOLD—January 25, at the Parish Church of St. John the Evangelist, Mirzapore, by the Rev Brook Deedes, MA, assisted by the Rev J F Scobell, MA, William Herbert, eldest son of the late William Heath, of Tottenham, Middlesex, to Matilda Moverly, youngest daughter of the late Edward Rudolph Sibold, of Vincent Square, London.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1890.

THE annual report of the Director of Agriculture and Land Records in the Bombay Presidency for 1888-89 contains a good deal of information that is of public interest. The work of the department is at present confined chiefly to inspection and advice in technical matters. District Collectors issue orders to the Circle Inspectors under their charge in all matters relating to crop and boundary mark inspections, and it becomes the duty of the Agricultural Department to see that these orders are carried out by the Circle Inspectors. It also adjusts discrepancies and errors found in the compilation of statistics, and sees that the returns and diaries of the district staff are in order. Thus, without exercising any authority independent of Collectors, the Department helps them in controlling a class of subordinate officials in the technical work of field survey, correction of maps, settlement of land, and intricacies of forms, in which they are apt to go wrong. That the District Collectors value the help thus given by the Agricultural Department is shown by the appreciation with which the Collectors of Dharwar and Bijapur have viewed the criticisms of the Department. During the year under report two references were made to the Director for opinion by the Government of India. One was as regards the re-consideration of the question of the reduction of rates for canal irrigation which has been in operation for the last five years. The reduction of rates appears to have resulted only in a considerable loss to Government, without benefiting the people in a proportionate degree. The Agricultural Department had no opportunity for making special enquiry into the subject, but the Acting Director states succinctly the considerations which regulate the demand for canal irrigation. The first and most important factor regulating this demand is the character and distribution of rainfall. In a year of deficient rainfall the cultivator would be found ready to avail himself of the canal water to save his crops, but he does not feel driven to any such necessity when the rainfall is a fair average. But it might be asked, why does he not raise more than one crop with the help of the canal water placed within his reach? The answer to this, as to many other questions of agricultural improvement, is that the cultivator suffers from want of capital. Apart from the initial cost of preparing the land for irrigated crops, there is the increased outlay necessary to keep the land free from weeds. Experience has shown that on the Khandeish farm land irrigated for two or three years in succession becomes so choked up with weeds that unless cleaning is done at great cost after-cropping proves almost unremunerative. Want of manure is another factor which restricts the use of canal water. Irrigated crops are found to interfere in a serious manner with the temporary fertility of land, which can only be restored to it either by leaving it fallow, or by manuring it. Now the available supply of manure is always very restricted at a particular moment. The use of green manure, such as *tag* or Bombay hemp, is not unknown, especially in garden cultivation; but it is found to be of doubtful value as a preparation for wheat and jowari, either irrigated or dry. In the case of the black cotton soils of the Deccan and Southern Maratha Country the frequent result of irrigation is found to be to bring to the surface deposits of salt in such quantities as to injuriously affect their fertility.

The account given in the report of the experiments on different farms is interesting. It appears that on the Bhadgaon Farm, the varieties of the new American cotton yielded better results; they showed that American cotton needs to be accustomed to the soil and climate before it will give satisfactory results. As regards wheat, the results of the five years' experiments have shown that good seed obtained from the North-West Provinces gives more abundant crops and more straw to an equal amount of grain than Bansi. It was also found on the Bhadgaon Farm that an acre of arrowroot cultivation gave 900 lbs. of starch at a cost of 2½ annas per pound. This cost would be still less if the crop were regular. The net profit per acre amounted to Rs. 92 at the ordinary rate of 4 annas per pound. This arrowroot cultivation can be pushed forward with great success if it receives encouragement from the trade. We do not see why our Government medical storekeepers should not avail themselves of the local supply, and encourage the cultivation of it in the country rather than indent upon China or England for large quantities of it. The Bhadgaon Farm, it appears, is to be used in the future mainly for purposes of cattle-breeding. On the Sind Farm it has been found that the cultivation of lucerne has given satisfactory results. It has passed the experimental stage, and is grown as a regular crop on the farm. Let us hope that some among the enterprising cultivators in Sind will be induced to grow it. Experiments carried on at the Nadiad Farm have shown satisfactorily that in tobacco cultivation farmyard manure does not give the best result, but that ashes and oil-cakes are found to be the best tobacco manures. The cattle and agricultural show to be held this week at Nadiad ought to furnish many suggestions for agricultural reform in a district where the main industry of the people is agriculture.

Ensilage experiments on the Poona Farm appear to have proved very successful. A pit silo having a capacity of 4,050 was filled with 60,000 lbs. of the jowari cut flowering at the end of September 1888. The silo was opened on the 5th March following, or after a period of five months, when it was found that the ensiled fodder had sunk a foot below the brim of the pit. The fodder looked as green and fresh as when first put in. It was greedily eaten by the cattle on the farm, and among others by the new Aden cows, which had never tasted it before. We are glad to notice that the Government of India have asked the Director to give information in his reports on points connected with the exports of bones to foreign countries.

It is well-known that shiploads of this precious agricultural material are exported from India every year, to the immense diminution of the productive powers of the country. The utility of bone-manure has not been practically recognised in this country, and bone-crushers should be exhibited at every agricultural exhibition in the country, and the ryots should either be taught to manufacture manure out of it, or to purchase manure manufactured by means of crushers. Considerable attention seems also to have been paid to cattle-breeding, as the interesting information given under that head indicates. The report concludes by a reference to the institution of a diploma in agriculture by the University of Bombay, and expresses a hope that the Senate will agree to the institution of a degree in agriculture. In favour of this proposal the Director contends that what the ryots need is not to be familiarised with a rotation system, or high farming. "What is sorely wanted by them is such help as would enable them to utilise the results of science, and to adopt such practical methods in agriculture as well-tested experiments have incontestably shown to lead to better results. No one who is acquainted with the agricultural requirements of this country on the one hand, and the progress of modern agricultural science on the other, will deny that a body of experts in scientific agriculture are as much needed in the interest of the people to interpret aright the laws of nature as lawyers are needed to explain the intricacies of law." The University of Bombay will probably wait to see the results of the institution of the diploma in agriculture before it takes another step in advance.

THERE are obvious objections to criticising a gazetted appointment, and if it did not seem to us to be necessary in the public interest to call attention to the selection of Mr. Shunkar Pandurang Pandit for the responsible post of Administrator of the Porebundar State, we should not at this stage have opened what under any circumstances must be a delicate question. It is scarcely necessary for us to say that our objection to the appointment rests on no particular incident in Mr. Shunkar Pandurang's past career. There was a time when a very unfair effort was made to convict him of conduct not quite consistent with perfect loyalty to the Raj, and we thought it our duty at the time to stand between him and the somewhat serious misrepresentations of which he was apparently the object. We think it equally our duty to-day to point out to Government that in sending Mr. Shunkar Pandurang to Porebunder in the present circumstances of the State they have made a mistake which they ought to rectify at the earliest possible opportunity. Of the importance of the work entrusted to the Administrator their own recent action gives the best proof. When the State came under British care in 1886, through the deposition of the Rana, they chose one of the most capable district officers in the Presidency, and one who had had considerable experience in the political oversight of small Native States, for the appointment. So special, indeed, were the merits of the officer chosen, that when, after he had been in charge of Porebunder for nearly three years, the important post of Political Agent in Kathiawar became vacant, the Government could find no one better fitted to temporarily fill it than Mr. Lely. Government were equally careful in their choice when Mr. Lely left. They sent Captain Kennedy to Porebunder, partly because he had an intimate acquaintance of some years' standing with the State, partly because he was known to be a good and trusted worker, and to have a wide and thorough knowledge of political work in Kathiawar. Having in these two appointments proclaimed in so unmistakeable a way the very exacting requirements of the post, they have done something more than an impolitic thing in finding a successor to those very competent officers in a gentleman in whose record there is no proof whatever of capacity for the delicate and responsible functions of a State Administrator. Mr. Shunkar Pandurang has until lately been second grade Deputy Collector of Ahmednagar, and was previously for several years Oriental Translator to Government. There is nothing here, or in any other part of his record of services, which explains the choice that Lord Reay has made for an appointment the incumbent of which needs special independence and strength of character, and wide acquaintance with the principles and details of administration. For the new regime has been too recently introduced into Porebunder for the interested upholders of the old to have abandoned their hopes and ceased from intrigue. Only recently the belief was sedulously encouraged in the State that the Government intended to reinstate the old Rana, the wish of course being father to the thought in the minds of many who had profited by the ruinous disorder and misgovernment which had invoked British intervention in the State. If the notion should revive very soon those who would have least reason to complain would be Lord Reay and those who have counselled him in this matter. It should be understood that the State, though it has made marked progress under the rule of the two first Administrators, is still passing through a period of interregnum, that the constructive and recuperative process which Mr. Lely inaugurated is far from complete, and that whatever good has been done during the past four years will be endangered if the destinies of the State are permitted to remain in the hands of an officer who is not thoroughly in sympathy with all that has been done, and whose presence at the head of affairs is not an effectual discouragement of the hopes of people who look for an early return to the *status quo ante*. It is very much to be hoped, in the interest of the State, and on grounds that have no relation to the interests of persons or of the Political Service—about which we have not thought it our duty to say a word—that the Government may, without doing any injustice to their nominee, find an early opportunity for revising an arrangement which we are persuaded is in the highest degree unsatisfactory.

IT may now be regarded as certain that the Government of India will, at the end of the present financial year, possess a surplus considerably larger than was estimated—perhaps even tenfold larger. Exchange and Opium have produced this gratifying result. Both items proved far more satisfactory than was anticipated. There is now however a downward tendency which is likely to increase. But the end of the year is now so near at hand that the actuals will in any case much exceed the anticipated surplus. It is too soon yet to attempt to make a forecast for the Budget of the next financial year. A large surplus can scarcely be looked for, and Sir David Barbour will have reason to be thankful if he can escape a deficit. The military charges will be unusually heavy, owing largely to the arming of the European regiments with the magazine rifle, and other sources of exceptional expenditure. On the other hand it is not by any means certain that Exchange and Opium will be as favourable next year as they have been in that which is now coming to a close. We are sorry to hear on good authority that there is much anxiety for the crops from Behar to Peshawar, owing to the absence of the rain usual before February. If rain do not fall at once there is some reason to fear that there may be distress and suspensions of revenue over a large area. All things considered the forthcoming Budget may be expected to balance fairly, but having in view contingencies which are not unlikely to arise, there is little ground to hope that Sir David Barbour will be as happily circumstanced as Mr. Goschen, with a large surplus to dispose of.

SIR LOUIS MALLET, whose death was announced in a Central News telegram yesterday, can scarcely be claimed as an Indian official, though some of his best work was done as Permanent Under-Secretary of State for India. He was a representative of the best type of English civilian, and his talents were such that he would have succeeded in any public office to which he might have been appointed. The wonder is that in their searchings for an Indian Governor the Government at home never satisfied themselves that Sir Louis Mallet would not have made as good a ruler as many who have been sent to the Indian Presidencies during the past twenty years. Cobden's testimony to his strong intelligence and efficiency is more than borne out by the record of his life. The need of him was felt when in 1881 the British Government sent a Commission to Paris to endeavour to work out a substitute for the tariff which came to an end with the denunciation of Cobden's Treaty of Commerce. Such a man, had he been confronted with the solution of a revenue problem in India, for example, would have applied to it a mind thoroughly imbued with sound principles of administration, and would have grasped its details in a masterly way. It is strange that the State never made use of him in any higher post than a Permanent Secretaryship, for the exceptional nature of his capacity was never doubted, and there was nothing against him but the fact that if he had come to India he might have had something to unlearn about the country, as well as to learn.

WE mentioned some weeks since that Admiral Fremantle had very cordially assented to the suggestion of Mr. Ollivant to take part in the rejoicings in honour of the presence in Bombay of Prince Albert Victor by a scenic naval display at night in the harbour. The only element of uncertainty lay in the doubt as to whether the fleet would return to Bombay from African waters in time for the tamasha. Any doubt on this score has been dispelled by a telegram received yesterday informing Sir Henry Morland that the Admiral would be back in Bombay on the 8th March. The number of men-of-war which will accompany the Admiral is not as yet known, but the fleet will doubtless be in Bombay harbour before the end of March. Sir Henry will communicate to the Executive Committee, which meets for the first time to-day, the expected return of the Admiral, and suggest that a naval demonstration combined with bonfires marking out the limits of the harbour shall form part of any plans which may be placed before the Committee.

THE extension of the Sind-Sagar Branch of the North-Western Railway from Mianwali to Mari near Kalabagh, is placed under Mr. J. R. Bell Engineer-in-Chief of the Frontier Railway Survey.

THE Right Honourable the Secretary of State has sanctioned the execution, from borrowed funds of the work in connection with the conversion of the Chenab Canal project in the Gujranwala Districts of the Punjab, from the inundation.

AN engine-driver on the Central

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE REFORM OF THE INDIAN COUNCILS.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

Lord Cross will on Thursday introduce a Bill to reform the Indian Legislative Councils.

Mr. Bradlaugh has therefore promised to refrain from moving an amendment to the Address regretting the omission of mention of Indian affairs.

THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR'S SYMPATHY WITH THE BRITISH.

ZANZIBAR, FEB. 18.

The new Sultan of Zanzibar yesterday assured a deputation of British merchants located here of his friendship for England and his sympathy with her aspirations in East Africa.

A BULGARIAN DUEL.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

A Sofia telegram reports that a duel was fought between two Bulgarian Hussar officers, Captain Liktareff and Captain Rezobrazoff, at Tsarkoe.

The former was wounded so seriously that little hope of his recovery is entertained.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE PARNELL COMMISSION REPORT.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

In the House of Commons Mr. Smith, replying to Mr. Parnell, said that the Government would ask the House to adopt the report of the Parnell Commission, and to thank the judges for their impartial conduct, and enter the report in the journal of the House.

DELEGATES TO THE TELEGRAPH CONFERENCE.

The Government have invited delegates from India to the Telegraph Conference, to be held in Paris in May.

THE INDIAN CONGRESS' MEMORIAL.

Mr. Smith, replying to Mr. Bradlaugh, said that it was not proposed to comply with the memorial of the Indian Congress, asking the Government to restore the right of raising grievances prior to the Budget Statement.

A CONTRADICTION.

Her Majesty the Queen will not attend Earl Sydney's funeral, as was at first believed.

COLONEL HALLOWES.

Colonel Hallowes is appointed to the command of the fifteenth regimental district in Wales.

OBITUARY.

Sir Louis Mallet is dead.

THE MADRAS HARBOUR WORKS INSPECTION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 18.

Sir A. Rendel leaves Calcutta for Madras on Thursday, to inspect and report on the Madras Harbour Works in his capacity of Consulting Engineer.

TRANSFER OF APPOINTMENT.

Colonel Pole-Carew has made over the Military Secretaryship to H. E. the Commander-in-Chief to Major Nicholson, he does not return to the appointment.

THE KALKA-CALCUTTA MAIL SERVICE.

The accelerated mail service between Calcutta and Kalka will probably not come off till October.

THE HEARSEY-ALLEN LIBEL CASE.

In the libel case Hearsey *vs.* G. W. Allen before Sir Comer Petheram, the defendant pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of three thousand rupees.

LITERATURE FOR INDIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 18.

A meeting will be held to-morrow, under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Stokes, to consider proposals for the establishment of a Society for the Production of Sound and Wholesome Literature for the People of India.

THE CINCHONA PLANTATIONS.

The Madras Government have at the request of the planters, sent Mr. Lawson, Government Botanist, to the Wynaad, to investigate causes of dying off of extensive fields of young cinchonas.

THE MOORE-NORTON CASE.

The Moore-Norton case is fixed for the 5th proximo.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, FEB. 18.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s. s. Poseidon left here for Bombay this afternoon.

COLOMBO, FEB. 18.

The mail steamer Arcadia from Aden arrived.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats firmer.

Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.

The Manchester Market is quiet.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3½d.
8½ " "	6-6d.
40s Mule Twist	9¾d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4⅛d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	88
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69⅝
4½ per cent. "	71
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	43¼d. per oz.

A NEW application of electricity is the buttonhole light. It may be used for railway travelling. Your battery (charged with the patent fluid) is something like the case of a big opera-glass. You may place it in your side pocket, or on the seat beside you, or behind you, or in your handbag. When you are comfortably seated you fix your tiny globe, say, in your buttonhole. The globe is connected with the battery by a thread (insulated wire.) Then you touch a tiny switch on the opera-glass-like object, and in an eye-wink your glass buttonhole becomes an incandescent lamp, and you whip out your evening paper, or the latest book on Socialism. A nice light, too, for reading in bed and extraordinarily cheap.

A PECULIARITY about the blind is that there is seldom one of them who smokes. Soldiers and sailors accustomed to smoking, and who have lost their sight in action, continue to smoke for a short while, but soon give up the habit. They say it gives them no pleasure when they cannot see the smoke, and some have said that they cannot taste the smoke unless they see it. This almost demonstrates the theory that if you blindfold a man in a room full of smoke, and put a lighted and unlighted cigar in his mouth alternately, he will not be able to tell the difference.

ECHOES OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, JAN. 30.

AND so the poor "Jubilee Plunger" has come to grief! Over and above a telegram in the newspapers, headed "Pigeon Shooting at Monte Carlo," is printed a much less festive announcement from Nice, "The Arrest of——," well, let us say the "Jubilee Plunger." I think that this second telegram might have been more appropriately headed, "Pigeon Plucking on the Riviera." Of course the unlucky plucked Plunger's friends are hopeful that he will be ere long released from durance vile; but meanwhile the judicial "parquet" of the department of the Alpes Maritimes have got hold of the unfortunate youth, and Justice in France is, as a rule, exceedingly averse from relaxing her grip of a person on whom she has once laid hands.

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When I was in Australia in 1885, the Plunger, who had not then come into possession of the vast wealth which he squandered in such a brief space of time, was knocking about the Colonies—I fancy that I first heard of him in New Zealand—with a kind of tutor. I never came in contact either with Telemachus or with his Mentor, but I was often asked whether I knew anything about the young hopeful's real standing in society. The Australians did not know exactly what to make of him. He was not a rowdy; he did not drink; he was no libertine; he only borrowed a little money at extravagant rates of interest, and spent it in betting and card-playing. All these Antipodean liabilities were discharged when he entered into his ill-starred inheritance.

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It is with the extremest rarity that I ever quote a passage from any published utterance of mine own; but, glancing lately at a book called "Gaslight and Daylight," which I wished to send to the binder's, I came—in an essay entitled, "The Bottle of Hay," originally published in *Household Words* some thirty-seven years ago—across a page so curiously suggestive of the Plunger's career that I cannot resist the temptation to quote a few lines of it here.

It hadn't been open a month (a retired publican is supposed to be talking about his "dry skittle ground") before Dick the Brewer, Curly Tom Simmons, and Jew Josephs, all notorious skittle sharps, found it out, and made it a regular rendezvous for picking up flats. They soon picked up young Mr. Popkinson, the rich pawnbroker's son, who had twenty thousand pounds and water on the brain, and has since gone through the court. They picked him up to some tune. It wasn't the games which he lost on the square (which were few), or the games which he lost on the cross (which were many), or the sums out of which he was cheated at the brand-new slate billiard table upstairs, or the bottles of champagne that he stood; it was the dreadful deal of money that he lost at betting—fifties that Dick the Brewer couldn't cross the alley in three jumps; ponies that Curly Tom wouldn't name the winners of the Derby and the Oaks for ten years running; even fivers that Jew Josephs couldn't turn up a Jack five times out of four. Poor young Mr. Popkinson! I met him the other day—he is but a boy still—flying in rage; and said I to myself, there are not many persons who pass this scarecrow who would believe, were they told it, that in two or three years he managed to squander away twenty thousand golden pounds.

I was a very young man when I penned these lines. I wonder whether I had ever met a young Mr. Popkinson during my own wayward and thriftless adolescence. But augment twenty thousand to two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, and you have in young Mr. Popkinson a tolerably close parallel of young Mr. Plunger.

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Mr. Robert Buchanan, poet, dramatist, and novelist, has succeeded in drawing Professor Huxley into an absurd newspaper controversy as to whether "Men are Born Free and Equal." The learned Professor exhibited in the first instance considerable shyness about being "drawn" at all by Mr. Buchanan; and in his first and amusingly curt reply to his antagonist seemed to contemplate him very much in that fashion of haughty disdain with which the Mexican war god Huitchlipotchli might be supposed to contemplate a blackbeetle. But at last the proud Professor has succumbed to the poet's piping; and the twain are now "at it," hammer and tongs. The ghost of the erotic madman, Jean Jacques Rousseau, has been conjured up to make the discussion livelier; but I scarcely think that, as newspaper reading, this *polemos* will prove a success. It lacks, and fatally lacks, the petticoat element. No journalistic war can be vigorously waged without the "frou-frou" of the ladies' dresses being mingled with the din of arms, the clangour of trumpets, and the neighing of fiery steeds.

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In the name of the Prophet—not figs, but soup! What soup? you may ask. Well, turtle, and let it be clear. And why? Because it seems to be about the most palatable and the most invigorating form of nourishment that can be taken by influenza patients. Keep up the strength, and then keep up the strength—and then get well. The number of customers whom I have sent to Birch's in Cornhill during the last fortnight for quart and pint jars of clear turtle! Of course, the clear turtle prescription will ere long be attributed to some doctor *a la mode*, but I claim priority in the copyright there.

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I came back from India in the spring of 1886, languishing from the *sequelae* of a malarious fever, one of the symptoms of which was an almost total loss of appetite. Do you know the stage of nausea when you have an unconquerable loathing for beef-tea; when chicken panada gives you goose-flesh; and the sight of a boiled whiting gives you the creeps? In despair I sent to Birch's for some clear turtle, and for weeks I almost lived and ultimately got well upon it. To be sure, I had the additional aid of large doses of arsenic.

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I looked out "influenza" in Dr. Tanner's "Index of Diseases," the third edition, edited by Dr. W. H. Broadbent, to ascertain the diet prescribed by these eminent authorities in cases of *Defluxio catarrhalis*. In various stages of the malady, milk, linseed-tea, mutton or chicken broth, extract of beef, and brandy-and-egg mixture are recommended. It is to be hoped that the next edition of Dr. Tanner will comprise the addition of clear turtle to the influenza *menu*.

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"Marry come up!" I hear some grim cynic exclaim, "Here is a famous formulator of diet for you! Do not poor people have influenza as well as the affluent ones; and how (with a murrain!) are the horny-handed and the pale-faced sons and daughters of toil to procure turtle-soup when they are prostrated by the *Rheuma epidemicum*? I candidly confess that I do not know. If people always considered both sides of a question before they made an assertion, contradiction and argument would be reduced to a minimum, and there would be no increase of knowledge.

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"Is it true what we see in the *Gazettes*, that the Pantheon at Rome is tumbled down?" Thus wrote in December, 1756, Horace Walpole from Strawberry-hill, to Sir Horace Mann, at Florence. Is it true, one may ask, what one reads in the "Gazettes" of January 1890, that "Buffalo Bill" and his "Wild West" troupe, who are now performing at Naples are seeking to obtain the permission of the Municipality of Rome to give their entertainment in the arena of the Coliseum? Many estimable persons will be horrified at the hardihood of the "Hon." Col. Cody. The Coliseum was indeed especially built as an amphitheatre for shows and spectacles of every kind; but its soil is saturated by the blood of a multitude of Christian martyrs, and it has been held for centuries to be holy ground. The area was indeed, I believe, consecrated by some Supreme Pontiff; and when I first visited the Coliseum in 1865, the vast inner circumference was adorned by the "Stations of the Cross." I have heard Sunday afternoon sermons preached there many a time by Dominican and Franciscan friars.

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On the other hand, the performances of itinerant circuses, gladiatorial combats feats of strength, and so forth, are at this day by no means uncommon in the ancient Roman amphitheatre at Verona, and in the "arenas" at Nismes and Arles in the South of France. For all that, it is to be hoped that the "Hon." Colonel Cody will not be suffered to drive the Deadwood Coach round the Coliseum. To say the very least, the precedent would be a perilous one. The next innovation proposed might be the installation of Mr. Barnum's Greatest Show on Earth in the Pantheon, and of Madame Tussaud's Exhibition of Waxworks in the Baths of Diocletian. The tomb of Cæcilia Metella might prove an eligible locale for the Panorama of Niagara, and an Aquarium with periodical pugilistic encounters might find a cheerful home in the Forum of Trajan. Finally, a bold-spirited municipality might let all the arches of the aqueducts in the Campagna of Rome to Mr. Willing or Mr. Partington for the purposes of advertising bill-posting.

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Among one's early recollections of Rome were the merry parties made up at the hotels in the days of the Temporal Power, to see the sculpture galleries of the Vatican illumined by torchlight. Marvellous was the "arrangements in shadow" produced in that unequalled collection of statuary. But what were the bygone torchlight displays at the Vatican compared with the amazing spectacle presented this week in the stately halls of the British Museum, where, under the auspices of the trustees, and in the presence of a distinguished company, the electric light shone with all its lustre on mummies and monuments, statues and sarcophagi, bas-reliefs and busts, coins and gems, and, indeed, all the treasures of the Palace of Archæology in Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury!

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The Lord Mayor has been waited upon by an influential deputation, praying him to assist in the organization of a fund for the erection of a suitable memorial of the late Field Marshal Lord Napier of Magdala, and the Chief Magistrate of the City has courteously acceded to the request, so an influential committee, comprising a host of well-known names, has been formed; a large sum of money has already been subscribed; plenty more will continue to pour in, and the country will have some kind of monumental tribute to the memory of a heroic soldier and an excellent man.

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Does it not, however, strike you that this memorial committee movement has been begun a little too soon? We may be over-hasty as well as overtardy in raising pillars, or statues, or cenotaphs to the illustrious dead. The brave old Field-Marshal is scarcely cold in his grave. There has been no time to communicate with his brethren in arms in India. The sense of the nation has not been taken; Parliament has not been consulted; nor do I see on the committee list the name of any member of the Royal Family. Possibly another committee and another memorial may be in contemplation; but as the matter stands at present the Mansion House movement seems to have been not very discreetly "rushed." It presents, however, one consoling feature. "When the whole of my correspondence is published," the great Duke of Wellington once drily said, "a good many statues will have to be taken down." Now, there will be no peril of a statue of Lord Napier of Magdala having to be taken down were a correspondence as lengthy as that of Grimm or of Madame de Sevigne to be made public. Robert Napier's record is clear and irrefragable.

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The absurd and wicked anti-Jewish agitation which is fading out in Germany, which was a total failure in the United States, and which—to the credit of our national common-sense—never made head in England, seems to have been revived in France, and to threaten a considerable amount of mischievous activity. In this connection I am right glad to notice the announcement of an Anglo-Israelite publication, called "Jewish Society; a Journal for Modern Jews." I shall send to Boltcourt, Fleet-Street, for a copy, and say what I think about it next week. In the contents of the number just published I notice an article on "The Stage Jew." I hope the writer of the essay in question has not forgotten that, until the middle of the eighteenth century, Shylock, in the "Merchant of Venice," always wore a red wig. Was this the Jew that Shakspeare drew?

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I never heard of any of Napoleon's marshals absolutely running away, although more than one of them had in their encounters with Wellington in the Peninsula to enact the part of the canine combatant in the celebrated American dog-and-bear fight. "Did you see air a dog and a bear coming this way?" asked the hunter. "I did," replied the farmer, "they was close together: *the dog well in front.*" But a military retreat, obviously, is not flight. Oddly enough, the entire corps of Napoleon's marshals—the heroic Ney, the stern Davoust, the fiery Junot, the swaggering Augereau, the astute Soult, the luckless Marmont, the noble Macdonald—appear to have decamped in a body from the Fine Arts Palace of the Paris Exhibition. The vanished marshals, it may be explained, were only so many exquisite miniatures painted by the famous Eugene Isabey on Sevres porcelain on a circular table, the portraits radiating to a centre filled by the effigy of Napoleon himself. I have a dim impression of having seen this sumptuous work of art more than thirty years since in the cabinet of Napoleonic relics at Madame Tussaud's. "La Table des Marechaux" was afterwards purchased by Napoleon III., and placed in the Muse des Souverains, in the Louvre, and now it has vanished altogether.

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"Going, going, gone!"—that would seem to be the epitaph of Imperialism in France. Three days ago the last wall left standing of the ruined Palace of St. Cloud fell in with a tremendous crash, filling the enclosure with masses of stones and rubbish. The wall adjoined the high road, and had belonged to the historic state apartment known as the "Salon de Mars." I remember being present there at a grand fete given by the Emperor Napoleon III. to the officers of the French army in July, 1870, just after the declaration of war with Germany. One of the features of the evening was the exhibition, in a side-room, of the "kit" of the little Prince Imperial, who was to join the army as a "full corporal." The ladies went into ecstasies over "Loulou's" red worsted epaulettes, his knapsack and forage cap, and tin pannikin. But a greater surprise was in store for the company. As the clock struck midnight, just as the guests were going in to supper, four military bands, massed together, struck up "La Marseillaise." That terrible anthem had not been heard in France for eighteen years; but, in authorising its revival, the infatuated Cæsar little knew that he was sounding the death-knell of his own dynasty.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA.

LADY REAY'S FANCY FAIR.

We have been requested by those who are organizing the grand Fancy Fair to acknowledge the assistance and contributions given and promised by the following firms:—Messrs. Watson and Co., Roger's and Co., Phillips and Co., Neuberg, Macropolo, Ahrle and Co., Bolton and Co., Carraglia and Co., and Peroo Mahomed. The G. I. P. and B.B. and C. I. Railways have also assisted as far as they were able.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

WESTERN INDIA LAWN-TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP MEETING.

THE entries for singles and doubles have been extended to Saturday, the 22nd instant, at 6 p.m.

ONE of the objects of the Lushai operations has been completely achieved, writes the *Pioneer*. On the 10th instant Lienpunga, the instigator of the Chengri Valley raid, surrendered himself unconditionally to Mr. Daly, the commandant of the Cachar police column, who had surrounded the chief's village in such a way that he had no means of escape. Lienpunga had evidently felt from the first that he had no chance, and his own surrender, following that of all his captives from British territory, leaves nothing more to be done in the northern corner of Lushai land. The detached column from General Tregear's force, an advanced party of which was only a few miles off when the surrender occurred, after laboriously making its way to the scene, will have to retrace its steps to Lungleh to join the main body; while, as the Cachar frontier must be perfectly safe for a long time to come after Mr. Daly's energetic operations, we presume that the police column will be withdrawn. However that may be, the reputation of the self-sufficient little force which has taken the field with such promptitude and success is established in the eyes of all India.

TROUBLES AT MUSCAT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MUSCAT, FEB. 5.

You may imagine what are our anxieties, when we find that a coalition of several tribes is approaching Muscat with the object of overwhelming it, and ousting the present Sultan, Seyyed Feysal This young ruler committed a grave blunder in setting out in October, 1888, to subdue the insurrectionary tribes, who though under his nominal sovereignty, refuse to acknowledge him as the Sultan of Muscat. In that ill-fated expedition, he recognised his mistake, and while at Rostuck, he was compelled to sue for peace from Seyyed Ebrahim, which he succeeded in obtaining after increasing the grant to that Chief. The expedition involved him in pecuniary difficulties which he managed to tide over, and in May last arrangements were made for his official recognition by the British Government. Colonel Ross, the Resident at Bushire, arrived in Muscat, and all was ready to set the Sultan on the *gadee*, but at the last moment the instructions were countermanded, and Colonel Ross had to return to Bushire without performing the ceremony. No doubt the British authorities in the Gulf must have been kept well informed of the situation of the Muscat ruler and his chieftains who refused to submit, though on his first ascending the *gadee* they had acknowledged him as their Sultan. The discontent has since been growing slowly but steadily, and it has now assumed a threatening attitude that promises much trouble for the Sultan. From a reliable source I have been informed that Abdul Azeez, having crossed the passes at last, is encamped at Leh, waiting to be joined by Seyyed Ebrahim of Rostock, to commence an attack on Muscat. Abdul Azeez is said to be supported by Hamoodal Jahafi, the notorious freebooter, and Sheik of the Al Wahihab tribe; so that if Seyyed Ebrahim and the Yal Saad tribe make a common cause with Abdul Azeez, the coalition will be a formidable one, and it may succeed in driving away Seyyed Fezal, the *de facto* ruler of Muscat. No official recognition having been given by the British Government, it is not probable that the Government of India will interfere in the matter, but rather will stand aloof and allow the parties to fight out their quarrel as best they can. The survival of the fittest will be exemplified by the result of the struggle. The Muscat Government is busy in fortifying the positions.

MAJORITY OR MINORITY?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Executive Committee for organising the reception of Prince Albert Victor meets tomorrow evening, under the presidency, I presume, of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bayley. I wish to bring under the notice of the Chairman a fact which I should certainly submit to him if I were a member of the Executive Committee, in order that his opinion might be taken upon it. Mr. Bayley was elected by seventy-two votes to seventy-one—at least he and his supporters think that he was. But I have incontestable proof that two at least of those whose votes were counted in the majority of one were persons whose names were not on the Committee nominated at the Town Hall meeting on the previous Friday, people therefore who had no right either to be present or to vote, and whose votes consequently ought not to have been counted. So that, excluding these two invalid votes—and I am credibly informed of other cases—the majority of seventy-two becomes at the most a minority of seventy.

In order to establish what I have said above, I now give the names of Mr. Ahmed Haji Isa Fuzla and of Mr. Deodat Moonim as persons who were not members of the Committee, but who were present at the meeting, and whose votes were counted for Mr. Bayley. They both acknowledge that they were present, and that they so voted. Several members of the Committee saw them do so, and are prepared to make affidavits of the fact.

Had the Chairman of the Executive Committee been still a member of the Bar, I should have had no hesitation in going to him for counsel's opinion concerning the precise position of a person elected to an office by seventy-two votes to seventy-one, when the odd two votes proved to be spurious or invalid. And he, I make no doubt, would have had as little hesitation in advising me that the election under such circumstances was void.

We cannot go to a member of the Bench for the advice that we could have asked for from the Bar. But we may reasonably expect the Bench to be mindful of the equities and of the proprieties in a case of this kind. It would be as superfluous to point out how the facts I have mentioned bear upon the Chairman's position as it would be to point out how the finding of a jury would be affected if it were discovered that two or three out of the twelve good men, were aliens or minors, or had not been sworn.

I have done all that is necessary in bringing the facts to light. The Chairman of the Committee, who can appreciate the importance of a lawful and equitable point of departure in an undertaking of this kind, knows quite as well as I do what practical conclusion should be drawn from them.—Yours, &c.,

A MEMBER OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Feb. 18.

THE LATE SIR LOUIS MALLET.

THE Right Hon. Sir Louis Mallet, whose death the Central News recorded on Monday, was the son of the late John Lewis Mallet, Esq., of Hampstead, Middlesex, by Frances, daughter of John Herman Merivale, Esq., of Barton Place, Devon, was born in London, March 14, 1823, and educated privately. He entered the public service as a clerk in the Audit Office in 1839. There he remained eight years, when he was transferred to the Board of Trade in 1847. His literary skill, added to his official experience, rendered him peculiarly adapted to the post of private secretary to the President of the Board of Trade, and he assisted in that capacity, first, Mr. Labouchere (afterwards Lord Taunton) from 1848 to 1852, and, secondly, Lord Stanley of Alderley, from 1855 to 1857. In Jan. 1860, Mr. Cobden signed the Commercial Treaty with France, and in April of that year the English Government sent a commission to Paris, with Mr. Cobden as Chief Commissioner and Mr. Mallet and Mr. Ogilvie as Assistant Commissioners, for the purpose of making a tariff. Mr. Mallet soon impressed Mr. Cobden by "his strong intelligence and efficiency," and during the six months that the Commission remained in Paris he took his full share in the long discussions that were held with French officials and manufacturers. Mr. Cobden's Commercial Treaty might have possessed little real importance but for the successful drawing up of a satisfactory tariff, and with the latter achievement the name of Sir Louis Mallet will be permanently associated. In questions connected with Commercial Treaties Mr. Mallet's authority, particularly after Mr. Cobden's death in 1865, stood high. He consequently found incessant employment at the Board of Trade, and in 1865 he was appointed the English member of the Mixed Commission which met at Vienna for the purpose of examining into an Austrian tariff. His Austrian labours covered a period of two years, not terminating till the latter part of 1867. In 1866 he was made a C.B., and in Dec., 1868, he received the honour of knighthood. In 1872 he retired from the Board of Trade, and was immediately nominated to the Indian Council. He remained during two years a member of the Secretary of State's Council; but in Feb., 1874, on the death of his relative, Mr. Herman Merivale, he was offered by the Duke of Argyll the post of Permanent Secretary of State. In the following year he paid a visit to India. In 1883 he retired from the post of Permanent Under-Secretary of State for India, and his name was added to the roll of the Privy Council. Sir Louis Mallet is the author of a treatise on "Reciprocity," printed for the Cobden Club in 1889.

THE Provisional Republican Government in Brazil has issued a decree establishing civil marriage. A treaty has been signed between Brazil and the Argentine Republic settling the long standing dispute between the two countries regarding their respective boundaries in the Misiones territory.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

WHEN in the early part of last year the Bombay Philharmonic Society performed "Elijah," we pointed out that they could give, as well from a popular as a musical point of view, a more satisfactory concert were they to frame a programme of miscellaneous selections from high class works, such as oratorios and grand operas, or if it were their desire to perform a complete work to select something bright and attractive, but short, with perhaps a miscellaneous programme to open with. That such a musical evening is suited to the tastes of a Bombay audience, to whom owing to the warmth of the climate a long performance, no matter how brilliant it may be, always becomes tedious, was sufficiently proved by the evident enjoyment of last night's audience. The first part of the programme was of a miscellaneous character, short but admirably selected; but the piece de resistance, was Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise" the "Lobgesang." The concert commenced with Mr. R. N. Mant's playing on the organ the "War March from Athalie." Mr. Mant's organ performances are always pleasing; but last night he seemed to enter with more soul than usual into the spirit of Mendelssohn's impressive music. He handled the stops well, and introduced some charming effects. A bass solo by Mr. B. G. Hebditch was the next item on the programme. During the past six months or so, Mr. Hebditch has been appearing frequently on the concert platform; and the oftener he is heard, his voice seems to be improving in the depth and richness of its tone. It would with truth be said that since his re-appearance in public his voice has not been heard to more advantage, but it may with equal truth be said, that he has never been heard to such effect, as it was last night. The song he chose was Elliott's "Hybrias the Cretan," a short solo, perhaps, but a heavy and difficult one. Mr. Hebditch sang it with great spirit, and gave all the ticklish runs perfectly. The audience cheered enthusiastically. But in "Hybrias" a great deal depends on the accompaniment, and Mr. Hebditch has much to thank Mr. G. R. Johnston for in his success last night. Mr. Metaxas came next. His appearance on the platform was as a matter of course the signal for a warm reception. It is unnecessary to dwell on the brilliancy of this talented pianist's execution, suffice it to say that as usual he fairly, in concert room parlance, "carried away" his audience, and kindly responded to an enthusiastic encore. Mrs. Walker has on several occasions electrified her audience with her brilliant rendering of "Ave Maria," with orchestral accompaniment. Last night she gave something new, a "Serenata" of Braga's. "Ave Maria" one was almost induced to consider her masterpiece but her Serenata may verily be placed alongside it, for brilliancy of style, and finish of execution. The first part of the programme concluded with a violin solo by Mr. Freyvogel. The piece he chose was an Andante from a Sonata, by Hanz Huber to which, as in everything he attempts, he did ample justice.

The "Hymn of Praise" though short is by no means a very tempting work to either the soloists, choristers, or orchestra; it is very crotchetty, and full of passages puzzling to spell out. Yet when once mastered and properly rendered, the music is grand. The recital was so satisfactory and so impressive to the listeners as to create in the audience a desire to hear the "Lobgesang" repeated at an early date. But to the vocalists is not due all the praise. The orchestra which may now be considered to have become a part of the Society, with Mr. Mant presiding at the organ, and Mr. Metaxas at the piano, and with the assistance of Sergeants Macdermott and Ryan and two others from the Gloster Regiment; and Herr Zimmer, the talented instructor of the Governor's Band, and three others from the same band, formed a strong backbone to the chorus. The long symphony (a few pages only being omitted) with its various movements, intricate passages, many and troublesome changes of key, were overcome with the greatest of ease. Every attention was paid to the expression upon which, in this beautiful piece of orchestration, so much depends. They eyed deserved special credit for the sweetness with which they rendered, and the care they bestowed upon, the piano and pianissimo passages in particular. The applause they gained was only what they merited, and almost amounted to an encore. The Cantata proper then began. The choruses are not numerous, only half of the numbers being allotted to the choir, but with two exceptions they are long and heavy. The opening "All men all things," opens simply enough, but they attacked it with a vigour which showed that Mr. Nixon had his choir, as usual, well in hand. They showed great animation in the passage beginning "Praise the Lord with Lute and Harp," and kept it up with all the requisite power. Still more were the effects of Mr. Nixon's careful training noticeable in the chorus "All ye that cried unto the Lord." The opening was softly and sweetly rendered, the crescendo was remarkably well executed, and the quick change from forte to piano could hardly have been more effectively rendered, while the diminuendo at the finish was most effective. The chorus "O blessed are they that hope," was got over without much exertion; but "The night is departing," tested their powers. They performed it excellently, however, and again the orchestra shone. The grand familiar strains of the chorale, "Let all men praise the Lord," worked the audience up to a high pitch of enthusiasm, and the concluding number "Ye nations offer to the Lord," was full of exultation evidently meant by composer.

The soloists were Mrs. A. C. Walker, Mrs. W. W. Squire, and Mr. R. F. Chisholm. Mrs. Walker had not any particularly heavy work. Her first piece, "Praise thou the Lord" was undoubtedly her best; but it was not a difficult task for her; she accomplished it with ease, and in her customary finished style. She also sang very sweetly and with charming expression in the duet "I waited for the Lord." It was in this that Mrs. Squire had her only opportunity of coming to the front. Mrs. Squire's voice is full of richness, and her and Mrs. Walker's voices blended most pleasingly together. Mr. Chisholm's popularity was shown by the warm reception accorded him. He was in splendid form, and he sang all through with that artistic ease which usually characterises his singing. The rendering of the recitation "Sing ye praise" and the solo "He counteth all your sorrows," were marked with tender pathos; Much feeling was infused into "The sorrows of death" and quite as impressive was that recitative which follows, "We called through the darkness," a very difficult one to render with effect. One of the features of the concert, or at least of the performance of the "Hymn of Praise" was the duet for soprano and tenor, "My Song shall always be thy mercy." Mrs. Walker and Mr. Chisholm have often sung together; they understand each other's method thoroughly, so the rendering of the duet was a thorough treat. The phrasing of the lines "Yet called I upon the name of the Lord," the rapid diminuendo, and the sweet softness as they continued, "He redeemed me with watchful goodness," were particularly fine passages of most exquisitely treated in the light and shade. In conclusion Mr. Nixon, their able conductor, and the members of the Bombay Philharmonic Society are to be congratulated on another most successful concert.

IN the Divorce Division, London, on Tuesday, 28th ult., Mr. Justice Butt had before him the pending divorce suit of De Ricci *v.* De Ricci, on an application by Mrs Helene De Ricci for the interim custody of the children of the marriage. In one of the affidavits read in support of the application the petitioner stated that she was the daughter of Mr. Edward Levi Montefiore, who resided in Paris. She was married to Mr. James Herman De Ricci in August 1888. He had been Chief Justice of Bahamas. The petitioner had a dowry of 200,000 francs, and her father allowed her 30,000 francs annually. The petitioner and her husband latterly lived at Cornwall Gardens, London. The respondent in his affidavit in reply, stated that the petitioner was an Israelite, and he was a member of the Church of England. He objected to his wife taking two of the children, on the ground that they were members of the Established Church. He mentioned that he gave up his profession as a barrister on his wife's father undertaking to provide funds for him to enter into political life. His Lordship, after hearing the affidavits and arguments by Sir C. Russell for the petitioner and the Solicitor-General for the respondent, declined to accede to the application, but ordered that the children should remain in custody of Mr. De Ricci's father pending the suit, the petitioner to have access to them.

THE SOMALIS.

THE dispatch from Aden of a little expedition destined for the punishment of the Eesa tribe among the Somalis has drawn public attention to Somaliland, the following particulars of which appear in the *Globe*. A part of the Somali littoral in Africa, including the towns Berbera, Bulhar, and Zeilah, is now British territory; to its south the country lately acquired by the Imperial British East African Company extends to near the sources of the River Tana, north of the equator. Somaliland occupies the Eastern horn of Africa, but its exact limits are not yet clearly defined. According to General Rigby, it extends from Babelmandeb to several degrees south of Cape Guardafui. Its northern limits are represented by the Danakil Itoo Galla country, and its southern by the doubtful extent of the Suhaili or Negrotic regions, lying between it and the Indian Ocean. To the west it may, according to the well-known African explorer, Mr. F. L. James, be roughly said to include all the country between a line drawn from Harrar to the river Jub, and to the east it is bounded by the Red Sea. Known to the ancients as *Regio aromatifera*, it is now called by Europeans "Somali Country," by Arabs *Bar-ahia*, or the "Unknown Land," and by its inhabitants *Barasa-Somal*, or "Somaliland." This large extent of territory, about the size of Spain, is thinly populated with natives, who are commercial and pastoral as well as warlike. Its harbours export the produce of the Galla races, in addition to those of the pastoral inland Somali tribes, who guard their own herds and flocks, the chief of which are camels, against a human foe with javelins and swords, and raid upon their neighbours whenever they choose to do so.

In 1825, the British brig Mary Ann was treacherously seized and plundered, and broken up by the coast Somalis near Berbera, and most of the crew murdered. A sloop of war having been at once dispatched by the Government of Bombay to blockade the coast and open fire upon the people, who flew in all directions, the survivors of the Mary Ann were recovered through the intervention of the Haji, Governor of Zeila, and the Somalis bound over to abstain from future attacks on English vessels, and to pay the full value of the plundered property by annual instalments. But in 1855 the practice of plundering and murdering strangers on the coast was renewed, and the tribes were again fined £3,000 and the harbour of Berbera blockaded by two of the East India Company's cruisers. Berbera, the chief town of Somaliland, with a good harbour on a bay of the Gulf of Aden, was conquered by Egypt in 1875, but in July 1884 the British Government took possession of it, and a small British Indian force is now stationed there. It is the scene of a large annual fair, which brings more than 30,000 people together from all quarters in the East. Coffee, grains, ghee or clarified buttor, gold-dust, ivory, gums, cattle, ostrich-feathers, &c., are brought hither from the interior, and exchanged for cotton, rice, Indian piece-goods, &c. Very little of the Somali people was heard of before the English occupation of Aden in 1839, and very little was known about them before the science of Berbera by the Egyptians in 1875, notwithstanding the early visits paid to their land by Cruttenden, Johnston, Captain Burton, and one or two others. Since the last date permanent relations were established with the Somali tribes of the sea-coast, and this was followed by several excursions into the interior, of which the most fruitful in results have been those of Saconni, Revoil, F. L. James, Paulitschke, Von Hardegger, and Josef Menge.

A distinct branch of the Eastern Hamitic stock, the Somalis are a half-cast offshoot of the Galla race, allied to the Caucasian tribe by a steady influx of pure Asiatic blood. Some specimens of this people must have been seen by everybody who has passed by Aden *en route* to the East, especially among the imp-like boys, who besiege every passenger steamer off the Rock Fortress with the cry of, "Oh, oh have a dive!" jumping down from the ship's side to pick up small silver coins that may be flung into the sea. The Somalis are tall, active, and robust, with an infusion of negro blood, as shown in their dark, often almost black, complexion, and still more in their kinky and even woolly hair, sometimes short, sometimes long enough to be plaited in tresses hanging down to the shoulders. The whole skeleton is light; the forehead high and round, the cheek-bones prominent, the lips full, though but slightly protruded, the teeth large and white, and the eyes brilliant and restless. The shin-bones are generally carved forwards, and long in proportion to those of the thigh. Mr. F. L. James says that he found the hands and feet, in most cases, small and delicately formed among the inland tribes. Sir Richard Burton's experience is exactly opposite. The last-named traveller's summary of the general character of the Somalis appears to be quite correct. "They have," he writes, "all the levity and instability of the negroes, are light-minded as the Abyssinians, constant in nothing but inconstancy, soft, merry, affectionate souls, passing without apparent transition stages into a state of fury, in which they are capable of the most terrible atrocities."

The Eesas, the particular Somali tribe against whom the present punitive expedition is directed, bear a very bad character. Their sub-tribes are perpetually at warfare with one another; one sub-tribe attacks another sub-tribe, and, after looting their zariba, sets fire to it. Plundering seems to be their chief occupation. Mr. James relates that, in his journey in Somaliland, he could never get rid of these Eesa people, who followed him everywhere demanding backsheesh. Once, he says, about fifty of this tribe presented themselves before his caravan, claiming a tribute and a "square meal." On his representing that his resources were unequal to the double strain of playing host and paying tribute, and that he had rather hoped to be their guest than their host, they exclaimed that such was not the rule of their fathers, who required many things from all who passed through their land

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AT ST. PETER'S SCHOOL.

The boys of St. Peter's School, Mazagon, assisted by several friends, gave a dramatic performance in the school-room, on Monday evening. The exterior of the building was decorated with rows of Chinese lanterns. A stage was erected at the upper end of the room, with banners drooped over it, the effect being considerably improved by some crotons, which were arranged in front of the platform. The play chosen was Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice." The curtain rose at 9 o'clock before an audience of about a hundred persons. The performers were not only very young, but had probably never taken part in anything of the kind before, so there was necessarily a certain amount of nervousness perceptible, especially during the first act. "The Merchant of Venice" is a difficult drama to play, but every one knew his part perfectly.

Miss Hildreth, as *Portia*, played her part extremely well, while Mr. J. Willmer, as *Antonio*, and Mr. Withey, as *Bassanio*, were most worthy of praise. In the last act during the exciting scene in the court, when it seemed as if nothing could prevent Shylock from taking the pound of the merchant's flesh, to which his bond entitled him, every one of the actors warmed up to their work, and all traces of nervousness vanished. During the last few moments, the acting was almost without a fault, and the audience listen with wrapt attention, whilst *Portia*, in her disguise of the young and talented Venetian doctor of law, met Shylock on his own ground, awarding him his pound of flesh, but threatening him with death, should he draw one drop of blood. During the pauses between the acts some pieces of music were played, and songs sung by some of the scholars. The recital was under the able direction of Father Gardner, and was a complete success. The proceeds amounted to about Rs. 225, a small quantity of which will, of course, go in expenses, the greater part, however, being devoted to the school, which is an institution most worthy of support.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In considering the proposal brought forward by Mr. Henniker Heaton of univeral penny postage, which has roused so much discussion in many quarters, it occurs to me that a very simple solution of the question which would go very far towards the radical change advocated by Mr. Heaton, and yet not be so unlikely of acceptance, has been overlooked. It is the adoption of a system of double postage between all union countries which would mean that all local regulations would apply to foreign letters, the only difference being that double postage would have to be paid for all letters and papers, &c., if they were to pass beyond the limits of the country in which they were posted.

The advantage to us in India of this system would be that we should be able to send a short letter to England of a sheet, say, for one anna, and of three sheets for two annas, instead of the present four and a half annas. A post card would be carried for half an anna instead of an anna and a half, and a newspaper for an anna instead of an anna and a half as under existing rules. Of course the difference, say, in the case of heavy letters is rather serious, but then it is admitted on all sides that the rates of postage we pay on all our home correspondence are far higher than they ought to be in these days of rapid and cheap intercommunication.

In the case of correspondence to Foreign Union countries the difference between the proposed system and the present one is not so marked; thus an ordinary letter of a tola would go for two annas against three at present, and there would be no difference in the case of newspapers. The smaller letter under half a tola not recognized now would be carried for one anna the same as to England.

The saving of postage is a great consideration in these hard times, but it is probable in this case as in so many others of the same kind, the reduction will mean so many of the smaller letters carried that the difference in the weight of the mails would not be perceptible, and the revenue would not suffer if it did not largely increase. The point however on which I lay the most stress is the simplicity of the system which I think ought strongly to recommend it.—

Yours, &c.,

Feb. 16. POOR WHITE.

CITY OF BOMBAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The following is the directors' report for the year ending 31st December, 1889, to be presented at the seventh ordinary general meeting of the shareholders on Saturday:—Your directors have much pleasure in submitting their report for the year ended 31st December, 1889, together with the half-yearly audited statements of accounts. You will observe that the net profits of the company, during the year under report, amount to Rs. 1,46,320-0-5: there is besides, the sum of Rs. 5,221-2-1, brought forward from the last account. Deducting from the total sum of Rs. 1,51,541-2-6, Rs. 35,000 being the amount of the *ad-interim* dividend of Rs. 50 per share for the half-year ended 30th June, 1889, declared in August last, and the Rs. 2,500 distributed among the company's employes as bonus, there remains a balance of Rs. 1,14,041-2-6; from which your directors have set aside Rs. 72,500 for the following purposes:—To reserve fund, Rs. 17,000; to machinery deterioration fund, Rs. 37,000; to lease purchase fund, Rs. 1,500; in reduction of debt due in respect of new land and bungalow, Rs. 5,000; towards payment of price of additional lands purchased, in 1888 and 1889, Rs. 6,000; to renewals and repairs account, Rs. 5,000; and to workmen's relief fund, Rs. 1,000;—total Rs. 72,500. The balance of Rs. 41,541-2-6, they recommend, should be disposed of as follows:— 1. Dividend for the half-year ended 31st December, 1889, of Rs. 40 per share, being Rs. 28,000. 2. Balance to be carrried forward 13,541-2-6—total Rs. 41,541-2-6. Your directors informed you last year of the purchase of a plot of land, measuring 3,229 square yards, and they now beg to state that they have purchased another small plot of land, situated in the same direction. It was thought desirable by your directors, as in the case of the former purchase, to secure this plot also as from the nature of its position its acquisition by outsiders might prejudicially affect the interests of the company. The plot taken up measures about 2,731 square yards. The cost of the land has for the present been paid from the floating funds of the company, but your directors propose to wipe it off gradually, from the earnings of the company, as they have been doing in respect of similar former purchases. Two of your directors, Messrs. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy and Cursetjee Manchorjee Banajee, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

The company's mills and other property have been insured to the extent of Rs. 11,61,000.

THE CHINA COTTON MARKET.

MR. JAMASJEE'S cotton circular dated, Hongkong, January 29th, says:—Notwithstanding the intervention during last week of the Chinese New Year holidays, the improved demand for Bombay yarn noticed in our last has steadily continued, and a fairly good business has been done during the past fortnight. As usual, both dealers and speculators have inaugurated the New Year with large operations, in the expectation of placing their holdings to advantage on business being shortly resumed in the interior. Owing to abundant stocks and holders freely meeting buyers, prices have remained steady as before, with the exception of some favourite chops of Nos. 10s., 12s., and 20s., which have advanced 25 to 50 cents per bale, in consequence of their scarcity. Suitable and superior chops of No. 20s. have been in good inquiry both real and speculative, and their prices have advanced 25 to 50 cents per bale. No improvement as to prices or demand is to be noticed in unsuitable and inferior descriptions. Prices of No. 16s. generally have remained stationary as before, and a very limited business has been done in a few desireable chops. Owing to small supplies of No. 12s. the local dealers have bought on speculation, superior and suitable threads at an advance of about 50 cents per bale on previous rates, the market closing firm for such qualities. Inferior and unsuitable chops show no improvement in prices, and are difficult to place. A good business has been done in No. 10s., and under the influence of an active demand combined with the action of speculators, prices of suitable and superior chops have advanced 25 to 50 cents per bale, the market closing firm. Inferior qualities of No. 10s. have been dealt in to a small extent. Prices of No. 6s. have been maintained owing to short supplies, and a moderate and business has been done. Owing to a bsence of demand large arrivals, only a small business has been done in No 8s. at a further decline of 50 cents per bale in rates. There is nothing doing at present in Nos. 14s., 18s. 22s., 24s., 30s. and 40s. During the fortnight arrival 4,375 bales, sale 8,491 bales. Shipment to coast Ports 332 bales; and unsold stock 23,140 bales. Direct shipment for Japan 2,413 bales, for Shanghai 2,107 bales. In expectations of a better demand at improved prices for the outports after the New Year holidays, business on a fair scale has been done in Shanghai in superior qualities of Nos. 10s., 16s. and 20s. The same remark applies also to the coast port markets, where the business done has been comparitively small. A decline of 50 cents to a dollar in prices has induced a moderate business in Japan, chiefly in desirable and superior chops of No. 20s.; while the demand for Nos. 16s. has been very languid.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

A SEQUEL TO THE APOLLO STREET FIRE.

MUNCHERJEE NOWROJEE DAVER *vs* ABDOOL HUSSEN NUZMOODIN.

This suit was brought to recover the sum of Rs. 25,000, due on a mortgage bond, executed by the defendant to the plaintiff. Some title-deeds were given as security by the defendant to the plaintiff, who handed them to Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, and while in their charge they were burnt in the fire which took place in Apollo Street, on the 11th November last. Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Wadia and Ghandi, appeared for the defendant.

Mr. Lang asked for a decree for Rs. 25,000 with interest from 1st January, 1880, till payment. In default of payment the property was to be sold. The facts of the case were that the defendant mortgaged his property to the plaintiff and deposited some title-deeds with him as mortgagee. The Municipality wanted to take up a portion of the land, and the defendant appointed the plaintiff his constituted attorney to recover the money for the land taken up. The plaintiff handed the deeds to Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown to recover the money for compensation from the Municipality; and while they were with the solicitors, the deeds were burnt in the fire which took place in Apollo Street, on the 11th November last. The learned counsel, therefore, said the plaintiff was under no obligation to indemnify the defendant for the loss of the deeds; for, under the power of attorney given to him, the plaintiff was perfectly indemnified for the loss of the deeds. The power of attorney was handed to the Municipality; and the documents were not lost by the plantiff as the mortgagee. They were with him as the defendant's agent, and as such he had handed them to his solicitors. Further than this the learned counsel would say that in this country, in consequence of the existence of the Registration Acts, registered copies of the lost deeds could be had, which would be handed back to the defendant. The learned counsel, therefore, submitted that the Court would not direct that the plaintiff should give any indemnity for the loss of the deeds. Plaintiff was not liable, as bailee, for the loss of the deeds. The bailee, in the absence of any special contract, was not liable for the loss of the thing bailed except for want of skill or misconduct. Mr. Lang said he would prove the circumstances under which the documents were made over to Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, and destroyed in the fire in Apollo Street.

Mr. Macpherson, for the defendant, argued that his client had a right to have his title to the property made quite clear in order to facilitate any future dealing with the property. The plaintiff had at the time the custody, and, therefore, the control of the deeds. He deposited them with Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, who were his solicitors as mortgagee. Even supposing that they were strangers, the deeds ought to have been returned by them to the plaintiff on the 4th November at latest, which would be a week before the fire, when they were no longer required by the solicitors. Had they been returned, as they ought to have been, the loss would not have occurred. The defendant was perfectly reasonable in what he asked: it was a recital in the decree that the deeds were destroyed by fire on the 11th November last, and further that copies certified by the Registrar should be handed to defendant with the reconveyance. Had this proposal of the defendant been agreed to, the Court, Mr. Macpherson said, would have been spared the three-quarters of an hour of its time which was taken up by his learned friend with an interesting and learned, but rather absurd, argument.

Mr. Lang said he did not object to what was asked for now.

His lordship made a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 25,000, with interest and costs of the suit, less the defendant's costs of the day. The decree to contain a recital was applied for by the defendant's counsel. His lordship remarked that it was entirely owing to the plaintiff's fault that the deed were destroyed in the fire: he ought to have taken them back on or before the 4th November into his possession.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

GORDHUNDAS KHIMJEE *vs.* LUKHMIDAS KHIMJEE AND OTHERS.

Mr. Jardine asked his lordship to pass a decree in terms of our award made by Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey, the sole arbitrator appointed by the parties to the suit. The award was handed in, and his lordship made a decree accordingly. Under the decree the plaintiff, among other things, gets certain immoveable properties, situated in Bombay, and one fourth share in the commission earned and secured by Messrs. Lukhmidas Khimjee, Sons and Co., as agents of the Lukhmidas Khimjee Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE LATE MR. ROBERT KNIGHT.

THE *Baroda Watsal* and *Official Gazette* on public grounds much regrets Mr. Knight's death, as depriving the people of this country of an ardent friend and staunch advocate, though the loss is considerably mitigated, by the fact, that there is still among the English journals in India, at least one which may be trusted in any circumstances to see that justice is done to the real interests and the *bona-fide* claims of the Indian people. The *Bombay Gazette*, while it does not parade itself as the organ of any particular person, class, or party, has always, under its present management, dealt impartially and fairly with native claims and aspirations, and has been not the less friendly: because it sometimes speaks too frankly to self-styled native leaders and politicians and points out their short comings and blunders. It is certainly better to have honest counsel, in time, than blind flattery, and so long as advice is given candidly as it invariably is in the *Gazette*, we shall look upon those who give it as our sincere friends.

BROWNING'S LETTER TO A YOUNG LADY.

In an interesting paper on the portraits of Robert Browning contributed to the new *Art Journal* by C. L. Hind there is given a charming letter sent to a girl, "one of those fortunate ladies (her age is now less than twenty-one) whom the poet deified by his friendship." It runs as follows:—

"29, De Vere Gardens, W., July 6, 1889.

"My beloved Alma,—I had the honour yesterday of dining with the Shah, whereupon the following dialogue:—

"'Vous etes poete?'

"'On s'est permis de me le dire quelquefois.'

"'Et vous avez fait des livres?'

"'Trop de livres.'

"'Voulez-vous m'en donner un, afin que je puisse me ressouvenir de vous?'

"'Avec plaisir.'

"I have been accordingly this morning to town, where the thing is procurable, and as I chose a volume of which I judged the binding might take the Imperial eye, I said to myself,' Here do I present my poetry to a personage for whom I do not care three straws; why should I not venture to do as much for a young lady I love dearly, who, for the author's sake, will not impossibly care rather for the inside than the outside of the volume?' So I was bold enough to take one and offer it for your kind acceptance, begging you to remember in days to come that the author, whether a good poet or no, was always, my Alma, your affectionate friend,

"ROBERT BROWNING."

DIVINE SERVICES.

ASH-WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, ESPLANADE.

(FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.)

10-15 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Commination Service.

11 a.m.—Holy Communion.

Hymns.—93, 94 and 183.

The Offertory for Church expenses and poor relief.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

8. a. m.—Holy Communion.

11. a. m.—Mattins, Litany and Commination service. Hymns—92 and 94.

6-30. p.m.—Evensong and address. Hymns—93, 90, and 94.

GIRGAUM MISSION CHURCH.

7-45 a.m.—Shortened service with address.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Henworth in the Prince's Dock this evening at half-past seven o'clock. Captains, officers, engineers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted Come and bring your friends.

THE FRONTIER EXPEDITIONS.

THE Southern Chin Column, Bwetet, 14th February.—The Southern Column, consisting of 100 non-commissioned officers and men of the Scottish Borderers, under Major Stoney, 103 men of the 4th Gurkhas under Captain Carnegy, and over 300 coolies, the whole under the command of General Symons, left Bwetet at 6 a.m. to-day, and reached Haka at 1-30 p.m. The distance is only about ten miles, but as there was nothing but the Chin path to follow, and two precipitous hills had to be climbed, the latter over 7,000 feet high, it was a somewhat stiff march. However, all felt rewarded at being the first column into Haka, and in reaching an open valley surrounded with high hills surpassing anything we have as yet seen in these Chin regions.

The troops soon constructed temporary shelters and made themselves comfortable for the night. To-morrow a site for a permanent camp will be selected. All eyes, telescopes, and heliographs will be turned on to the surrounding hills during the next few days in the hopes of getting into communication with the other columns.

General Symons is not likely to remain here idle, and reconnoitring parties will probably be sent north into the Tashon country before long. All sickness should disappear in a charming open valley like this, over 6,000 feet above sea level, and the permanent post here should be a healthy and favourite one. The Haka people seem most friendly and ready to assist us.

No important subjects have yet been discussed with the Chiefs of Haka, but a good deal of useful local information has been obtained. The Hakas and Tashons are hereditary enemies, and are fighting on their borders daily. There is little doubt that if we wished we could enlist the services of the Hakas to assist us against the Tashons, who it is generally believed mean business. The Tashon head village is said to be only three marches from Haka.

Changsil Bazaar, Cachar Column, 10th February.—Mr. Daly reached Lienpunga's village unopposed on the 8th. Lienpunga surrendered himself on the following morning, and is now in Mr. Daly's Camp. One more captive has been given up, and is believed to be the last of the Chengri Valley lot.

There are no signs of the Chittagong Column. Mr. Daly will await its arrival at Lienpunga's village. The weather continues fine.

11th February.—Heliographic communication with Mr. Daly at Lienpunga has not yet been opened from the Thauruma stockade. It seems that there is an intervening ridge which prevents direct signalling between this and Thauruma. The heliograph is being worked successfully through an intermediate station which Mr. Carnac has established on a hill between this and Vaniatangi's village. Beyond Thauruma messages are sent by Lushai runners.

The party of coolies which left this on the 8th for the Thauruma stockade with rations for the force at the front returned here this evening, and will leave again with more rations on the 13th. The escort report that on their way up to the advance-guard came across a party of six Lushais of Thauruma's village armed with loaded guns. The Lushais stated that they were out on a hunting expedition: but as this was doubtful their guns were seized.

There is some sickness at the Thauruma stockade, both among the police and coolis. Dysentery is rather prevalent among the police garrison, of whom some 20 per cent are sick, while among the coolies about 50 are unfit to carry loads. Of these 23 came back here to-day, the rest being unfit to travel.

The Thauruma stockade is situated on an open height at an elevation of 3,600 feet, and is a very windy spot, the night wind being particularly cold and cutting, while by day the sun is very hot. There is very little sickness now among the force here: but the sick coolies coming down from the front keep the hospital pretty full. Sanitation is being strictly enforced by Surgeon Coleman, as it is very necessary to guard against cholera in a place like this at the present season.

Camp, Northern Lushai Column, 10th February.—Lieupunga has surrendered himself to Mr. Daly, who had taken up a strong position with 300 police outside his village on the 9th.

Colonel Skinner, with an advanced party, is now encamped six miles from Lienpunga's fishing dam, and hopes to be in his village by the 12th.—*Pioneer.*

INFANTRY AND HORSEMANSHIP.

SENEX writes to the *Civil and Military Gazette*:—In a country like this, where every one per force rides a great deal, one might expect to see a very high standard of equitation among the infantry officers of the army. But what is actually the case? When I recall to mind the appearance on horseback of my military friends, does ease in the bearing of man and of horse, not to speak of grace or security in the pig-skin on the part of the former, at once suggest itself? Let me review them individually. Colonel A. on a hairy little cob horse with a rough mane, hirsute heels, and an untrimmed bobtail, places his dumpy form and short round legs across his "destrier" in evident fear and trembling; a titter runs down the ranks of the regiments in brigade as he goes sadly and slowly by. Colonel B, who is about 2½ yards long, "length without breadth" as Euclid has it, should be the very ideal of a horseman. Well, he is outside a horse; far too much so, he has never got into his saddle, but is anywhere you like on its surface; his nose projects between Rosinante's ears, his body is nearer her tail than it should be; his legs, far from the saddle flap, stand out like a pair of tongs in front of his horse's shoulders. Colonel C. is so conscious of the danger of his position as a cavalier, when those horrid rifles go off, that he is "taken ill" about the time of the Queen's birthday, and is often hard to find on a field day if the nallahs afford a kindly shelter. Nor are the junior ranks exemplary, for Captain D. always reminds one of an old lady at a sewing machine with his round back and up-lifted hands. Lieutenant E. rides with his shoulders in his ears. Perhaps he fancies he looks like Archer winning the Derby. In no case does he witch the world with noble horsemanship. Now I maintain that this should not be, and that all young officers, without exception, should be obliged to produce a certificate of riding from a cavalry riding master before being promoted to captain, and that the Commander-in-Chief should give facilities to infantry officers for the purpose. His own seat on a horse is a model for his army, and I feel sure he must sympathise with the object of this letter. I do not argue that the possession of the riding certificate would necessarily guarantee that the possessor was "a first flight" man, but at any rate he would have been taught what to avoid, and would have the opportunity of seeing good riding. As regards the class of horse ridden, General officers might do much to prevent hideous, bony, spiritless creatures of great antiquity spoiling the appearance of some battalions. This charger (save the mark) protrudes an arching foreleg whenever it halts: another retains little of its original colour from the numerous grey hairs that proclaim its hoary old age: the dropped underlip of a third patriarch discloses a set of nippers like the notes of a piano. I remember once a Field officer losing his charger at sea, and after a Board had duly sat and recommended his receiving 500 or 600 rupees (whatever charger price was then) a wily Babu called for a certificate of the price actually paid by the officer for his horse, as that amount would be considered. The sum certified was Rs. 60 (for a 15·3 horse). This is a positive fact. It does not appear to me that the riding or the stamp of horse has improved in the last quarter of a century, at any rate as exhibited in the last few Camps of Exercise. Formerly many a good military rider acquired the excellent hunting seat of an English gentleman in the pigsticking field; owing to the advance of cultivation throughout the country pisticking is difficult to get. Owing to Polo, bobbery packs are given up. Infantry regiments nearly all kept these, and the young officer learned to ride well across a natural country. Now-a-days youngsters can apparently do little more than ride a pony on the flat expense of a Polo ground. Put them on a horse, they are like fishes out of water. Then the expenses of Polo are so great that they all tell me they are "broke over it," and the sorry appearances of the officers' chargers of some cavalry regiments, British as well as native, confirm the tale. I have heard of a case recently where there were plenty of ponies to enter by a regiment at a local race meeting, but there were no jockeys! How will the mounted officers of that regiment look in future?

THE Scottish Meteorological Society have received a grant of £50 from the Government Research Fund for the purpose of making inquiries into the dust particles of the atmosphere. The observations it is intended shall be carried on at the Ben Nevis Observatory.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

AN INTERVIEW WITH STANLEY.

WRITING on January 20, the *Times* correspondent at Cairo says:—An acquaintance with Stanley dating from the Abyssinian War of 1868, and a desire to hear from his own lips something of his wonderful experiences since I had bidden him God-speed three years ago, induced me to meet him at Suez. By the courtesy of His Highness the Khedive I was permitted to accompany his chief aide-de-camp, Osman Pasha Rifaat, by the special train placed at the disposal of the illustrious traveller. Arriving at Suez on the evening of the 12th, we found the station filled with an eager crowd anxious that we should at once start off to meet the Kraptoria, which was reported in sight. We were fortunately sceptical, for it was not till twenty hours later that she was really signalled. . . . At three o'clock the hoisting of the British-India flag over the Agency signified that the long-looked-for vessel was at last in sight, and then commenced an exciting race of some half-dozen steam launches flying English and American flags, which were swarming round the Kraptoria soon, with occupants anxious to gain a sight of the travellers. Quietly pacing the deck, utterly oblivious of all excitement, as if arrival in harbour had been his frequent experience during the last three years, was the hero of the day. The quarantine boat was soon alongside, gave *pratique* with a despatch creditable to the Egyptian Quarantine Board, and in a very few moments a large crowd had mounted on deck, and was shaking hands with the men whose adventures on the Dark Continent have been followed for three years with alternating hope and despair.

Stanley stood on the quarter deck, dressed in grey tweeds, his figure very much slighter than three years ago, his close cut and almost perfectly white hair showing off his bronzed face with its hard set lips and cold grey eyes. As I looked at him he seemed the embodiment of physical endurance and mental self-control, and I noticed more than ever that singular part resemblance to two men as different to himself as to each other—General Gordon and Captain Burton. He has the eyes of Gordon and the lips of Burton. Though generally free from mysticism, there are times when Stanley's eyes seem to have that faraway light which was the most striking characteristic of Gordon's personal appearance, and there are times when Stanley's lips make you feel that you would rather not quarrel with him. "How do you account for his wonderful influence over the Zanzibaris?" I asked one who had experience of him. "Well," was the reply, "he first looks as if he were going to eat them, and then when they give in and do what he wants he looks as if he had done so, and were grateful to them for the meal."

Dr. Parke, another old friend of all Anglo-Egyptians, was then still clothed in the white drills in which he had crossed Africa. Pulled down by recent fever, his colour just returning with the sea voyage, he looked younger than when he started, and it seemed incredible that he should be the man to whose unceasing work and skill Mr. Stanley bears such willing testimony. By one trait he will be recognised, however, by all who have ever met him. "He spoke to every woman in the interior of Africa with the same gentleness and courtesy as he would to a lady in a drawing-room at home," said Mr. Stanley. Lieutenant Stair, Captain Nelson, and Mr. Jephson were only to me as they are known to the rest of the civilised world. The first, perhaps, showed most signs of the wear and tear of perpetual hardship. It may be interesting to future applicants for service under Mr Stanley to know the determining cause of his selection. "I opened," said Mr. Stanley, "many hundreds of letters applying for permission to accompany me. Some were so long I could not pretend to read them. I picked out one which went straight to the point, and in a few lines said not a word too much, nor a word too little; and I telegraphed 'Come;' that was Mr Stair, and it has been his characteristic throughout."

A carriage was waiting to convey Stanley to the Khedive, for the message of his Highness has been that he must see him at once to personally give him his thanks for the rescue of the man who is still an Egyptian governor, though without a province. Whatever faults the Khedive may commit, he is never wanting in kindness of heart and good feeling. On the way from Suez Stanley had spoken earnestly of his intention to appeal to his Highness in favour of the future employment of Emin, and in the half-hour interview he appears to have succeeded in persuading him that the former Governor of the Equatoria Provinces would make an excellent civil administrator at Suakim, where his long experience of natives and conciliatory manner might be usefully employed in negotiations with the native tribes.

Of the numerous banquets which have been offered to the hero of the day I need say little. Hitherto he has only once been called upon to speak, though this evening, at the Ministerial dinner, he will doubtless reply at length to the toast in his honour which is to be proposed by Riaz Pasha.

On the one occasion on which Stanley has been called on to speak, the dinner was a private one, and Nubar Pasha, who, since his recent severe domestic affliction has not appeared in public, attended to do honour to Mr. Stanley and himself, and proposed his health in a short but happy speech, in which he represented the great traveller as guided through the Dark Continent by the bright star of duty, which shone for him as for Livingstone, Gordon, and other great Englishmen. Mr Stanley, in his reply, drew an eloquent picture of the condition in which he had found Emin surrounded by dangers which he had survived, only to become the victim of a single false step when all dangers seemed to be over, concluding:—"Therein, gentlemen, I see the finger of that Great Power—call it chance, fate, Providence, or what you will—which has impelled me onward through life, has protected me through dangers and difficulties, and has permitted me to express here my thankfulness to-night."

It would be impossible for me to give any adequate idea of numerous long conversations that I have had with Mr. Stanley. Those who have experience of his vigorous, concise form of description, his talent for realistic presentment, will best understand how impossible it is to reproduce the effect. His own dramatic letters even fail to do so, and the horrors of the 160 days' slow advance, pace by pace, through thick underwood, in the impenetrable gloom of a damp and murkey forest, liable at any moment to the attack of unrelenting hidden enemies with poisoned darts, must be heard from Mr. Stanley's own mouth to be fully realised. So, too, with the account of Nelson's starvation camp—the eating of diseased donkeys down to their hoofs, the pounding of the bones to form a soup, the division of three small fish among four as a welcome addition to a diet of nuts and berries, and the drunken or childlike joy of officers and men as they emerged from the wilderness and revelled in a land of undulating grass and green slopes, with food and cattle in abundance.

The distance travelled in the interior of Africa by Mr. Stanley personally is estimated by him at 5400 miles, of which all but 1000 were on foot. The expedition has occupied three years, and rescued 300 persons at a cost of less than £30,000. Perhaps the comparison is not a strictly just one, but I cannot help recalling the fact that the Abyssinian expedition, in which I first met Mr. Stanley, occupied six months, and rescued eight persons at a cost of £8,000,000.

A WRITER *Galignani's Messenger* discusses the rage for dress upon the stage which is characteristic of the Parisian actress. Some ladies, she says, go so far as to strike for higher salaries by reason of the length of their dressmaker's bills. For this reason Midlle. Marie Magnier, who met with such genuine success as Mrs. Scott, the American millionaire, in "L'Abbe Constantin," declines to renew her engagement at the Gymnase. Every one in Paris remembers the striking beauty of this lady as displayed in the second act of Ludovic Halevy's clever comedy. She wore an exceedingly decolletee white lace and gold ball-dress. It now appears that the sum of £1,200 which she receives annually is insuffieient. The actress alleges that her toilettes alone for the three plays in which she appeared during the past twelve months cost £1,000. Mdlle. Jeanne Granier has £20 a night to play "La Fille a Cacolet" at the Varietes. If the piece fails to hold the boards, she will be the loser by her engagement, as she has to change her costume six times in the course of an evening. When a rapid change of costume is necessary, the dress is spread out on a chair inside the actress's dressing-room at the theatre. A peculiarity of the dress is that all the bows and other oranments are already fastened in place, and the garment is open in front from neck to hem, though so contrived that the junction will not be visible when worn. By this arrangement the actress can make a complete change of costume in less that five minutes.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE IN EVERY CASE GREY OR WHITE HAIR to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s, 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-Road, London, England.

THE TORPHICHEN DIVORCE CASE.

LORD TRAYNER, in the Scotch Court of Session, as our telegrams announced, heard evidence and gave decree in the action for divorce, on the ground of infidelity, at the instance of the Right Hon. James Walter Sandilands, Baron Torphichen, Calder House, Mid-Calder, against the Right Hon. Ellen Frances Gordon, Lady Torphichen, his wife, 124, Ebury Street, London. The pursuer also sought to have it found that the defender was a person unfit to have the custody of the children of her marriage with the pursuer; and that the pursuer was entitled to marry any free person sicklike and in the same manner as if he had never been married, or the defender were naturally dead. On the case being called,

Sir Charles Pearson said he was present mainly for the purpose of watching the case in the interests of the defender. He did not think he would trouble with any cross-examination.

The Dean of Faculty then proceeded to lead his evidence. He called

Lord Torphichen, the pursuer, who said he was married to the defender on the 25th May 1881 at Gibraltar, where his Lordship's regiment—the Rifle Brigade—was then stationed. Shortly after his marriage he left the army. From the date of marriage till the events of last autumn they lived together as husband and wife. In 1883 they took Dunchurch Lodge, near Rugby, and their residence had been there till recently. In autumn of last year witness intended giving up that residence and coming to live at the family seat at Calder, in Scotland. On 13th July he left Dunchurch for Scotland for the purpose of making some arrangements for taking up residence at Calder, and he returned to Dunchurch on the 25th July. On the 10th August he again left Dunchurch for Scotland. On both occasions mentioned he left his wife and family at Dunchurch. On his second visit to Scotland he returned to Dunchurch on the 17th August, and found his wife away. On the 20th August she returned to Dunchurch. Shown two letters, undated, the envelopes of which were stamped respectively with the Rugby Station post-mark of 15th August and the Rugby post-mark of 16th August 1889, addressed to witness at the New Club, Edinburgh, he said they were in Lady Torphichen's handwriting.

The Dean of Faculty informed Lord Trayner that though both letters were written in London, they bore the Rugby post-mark, and he stated that he would lead evidence on the subject. He read the latter communication, which bore that it was written on a Friday. The writer said she was going to town to-morrow, and might perhaps stay overnight, but would try to get back if she could get through her shopping. In concluding the writer stated—"It is a lovely day to-day. How are you getting through all your arrangements?"

The examination being resumed, witness said he had at that time made arrangements for going with the family to summer quarters at Llandudno. He informed his wife when she returned. She said she could not get packed up in time to go. They all went on the 29th to Llandudno. After leaving his family there he came back to Dunchurch to superintend the packing and sending of the luggage to Scotland. He received an anonymous letter on the following morning mentioning something about her ladyship and a lieutenant. Witness knew nothing about the lieutenant at that time. The letter told him to ask the porter, cabman, and others at Rugby Station. Witness did not attach a great deal of importance to the communication then, as he had no reason to suspect anything. One day in September, after returning from Llandudno about the packing, and when in the village of Dunchurch, the landlord of the Dun Cow Hotel there called his Lordship's attention to a cheque which he had received from a Lieutenant Lynch-Bloss, an officer of the York and Lancaster Regiment, who had been living at the inn. The cheque, the landlord said, had been returned dishonoured. On the 17th September witness received a letter from his wife's mother saying that his presence was wanted at Llandudno, and on the following day he went to Llandudno. Q.—As a result of what took place did your wife go to her father's house near the Crystal Palace? Witness.—She did. Continuing, he said he went to have an interview with his wife at her father's house on the 28th September with regard to the rumours he had heard. On that occasion her Ladyship made a verbal confession. At the same time, she had not actually confessed to living with Lieutenant Lynch-Bloss from the 12th to the 20th August in London. On being shown a document in process, Lord Torphichen said it was in Lady Torphichen's writing, and had been written out before the interview.

Helen Bailey said she had been lady's maid in Lady Torphichen's service for six and a half years. She remembered on a Sunday last summer a gentleman calling for Lady Torphichen at Dunchurch Lodge. Lady Torphichen had told her previously that there was a gentleman coming to see her. Witness did not see the gentleman then, nor did she remember how long he stayed. She remembered Lord Torphichen leaving Dunchurch Lodge for Scotland on Saturday, the 10th August. Her Ladyship left Dunchurch on the same day about an hour after Lord Torphichen. She told witness she was going to Shrewsbury to see her aunt. She came back on the Monday, witness meeting her at the station. Her Ladyship then told witness that she was going to London, and she added that she did not want his Lordship to know, as he might be angry at her going from home. Witness believed Lady Torphichen also said something about not getting another chance. Q.—Did she say anything about having written for lodgings in your name? A.—Yes, she said she had. Q.—Did she give any reason for so doing? A.—She said they would not charge her so much, as they would were they to know who she was. Witness (continuing) remembered seeing defender open a letter addressed "Mrs. Bailey," and after reading that letter defender told witness that she could have the rooms in London, and would write her from London. While the defender was from home on that visit, witness received from her a letter enclosing one from her Ladyship addressed to Lord Torphichen. Defender wrote witness to post the letter to Lord Torphichen from Dunchurch, as she did not wish his Lordship to know she was from home. Witness posted the letter. She went on addressing letters to Lady Torphichen at Mortimer Street, London, as "Mrs. Bailey." Lady Torphichen returned home on the 20th August, returned to London on the 24th, and came home again on the 29th, when she joined the family at Llandudno. While the family were at Llandudno, her Ladyship and Lieutenant Lynch-Bloss were together every day. Witness never saw them together when Lord Torphichen was at home.

Hugh Rose, 97, Mortimer Street, Cavendish Square, London, said he was in the habit of letting furnished apartments. In August last he received a letter from a "Mrs. Bailey" asking for rooms. He replied that she could have the rooms, and on the 12th August he received a telegram to this effect—"Will take rooms. Arrive to-day. Bailey." Captain and Mrs. Bailey arrived on that day, and occupied for some time a drawing-room with bed-room communicating. They lived as man and wife. Mrs. Bailey remained continuously, he thought, from the 12th till the 19th, when she left. She returned about the 24th and stayed a couple of days longer. Captain Bailey remained the whole time. Shown Lady Torphichen's photograph, witness identified her as the lady who had stayed in his house on that occasion, but on being handed Lieutenant Lynch-Bloss' photograph, he said the gentleman being there represented in uniform, he would hardly like to swear that he was "Captain Bailey."

His Lordship.—Is that the gentleman (pointing to Lord Torphichen) who stayed with Mrs. Bailey?"

Witness.—No. Continuing, he said after Captain and Mrs Bailey left the house a piece of notepaper bearing the Torphichen crest and a hat box bearing the initials "E. F. L—B." were found in the rooms occupied by them.

Harriet Hubbard said she was a housemaid in the employment of Mr. and Mrs. Rose. She remembered Captain and Mrs Bailey staying in the house in August last. They occupied a drawing-room and bed-room. Witness had been in the habit of taking a cup of tea early in the morning into their bed-room, and when she did so she found them in bed together. Mrs. Bailey had told her they came from Rugby. Lord Torphichen was thenasked to stand up. He did so, and witness said that gentleman was not "Captain Bailey."

John Rolland Jones, proprietor of Whittaker's Hotel, Llandudno, stated that on the 29th August the Torphichen family came to his apartments for six weeks. A few days after his Lordship left, a gentleman called for Lady Torphichen. He had been informed by the maid that his name was Lynch-Bloss. Lady Torphichen and Lynch-Bloss often walked together. Lynch-Bloss often spent considerable periods in the house. He never came to the house when Lord Torphichen was there.

Sir Charles P

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

The assembly of such a large number of ships under Admiral Sir Edmund Fremantle's command at Zanzibar was taken advantage of to have a field day on shore, and fully a thousand men were landed on the occasion.

It is rumoured that Lord Wolseley will not be granted any further extension in his present post of Adjutant-General after the end of September next, when his present time expires. He has practically held the appointment since April, 1882; but the Egyptian war took him away in the autumn of that year, and again in 1884 and the early part of 1885. The five-year rule in his case has been set aside for the good of the public service. However, says a service paper, though doubtless there will be much weeping and gnashing of teeth in this particular mutual admiration society, it is about time that the next "gang" had something like a look in. It's an ill wind that blows nobody good.

The *Admiralty and Horse Guards Gazette* is glad to see that it has dawned upon the military authorities that it would be just as well to instruct those troops not yet armed with the new repeating rifle with respect to its mechanism, &c. To this end it has been decided to issue a certain number of the new magazine rifles and dummy cartridges to each company of every battalion of the Line serving at home, and also to each depot in the United Kingdom. This is of course quite as it should be, but there is one objection to which the scheme lays itself open. At the present rate of production the whole of the troops cannot be re-armed for some time, as during the current year only 100,000 are to be completed. Therefore by the time we have finished arming our troops, it will be time to be giving them a new rifle in order to keep place with modern requirements of warfare.

It is pleasing to learn that at least one of our colonial harbours is in a fair way towards being placed in a fit state of defence. This fortunate place is Singapore, the fortification of which port is, according to our correspondent, gradually approaching completion. The last of the 9·2-inch guns recently sent out from home have been mounted in Fort Pasir Panjang, near the new harbour. The inhabitants of Singapore appear to be exceptionally lucky, what with security from attack from without and with Sir Charles Warren to look after their interests inside. What more could they want?

The Admiralty proposes to appoint a flag officer to superintend the fitting for sea of men-of-war that are built by contract. Nearly thirty vessels are thus being constructed at the present time, and in consequence there will soon be plenty for an Admiral Superintendent of ships built by contract to do. The officer who is named as designed for the first occupancy of the post is Rear-Admiral George Digby Morant. He has seen much service.

The *Broad Arrow* cannot imagine why the question of smokeless powder should delay the issue of the magazine rifle. The shape of the cartridge and calibre of the bullet has been already determined. Why not issue cartridges loaded with black powder and proceed with the instruction? At all events, blank cartridges loaded with black powder might be issued. Perhaps it may be said that the sighting of the rifle for black and smokeless powders would be quite different, and the sights would have to be altered. The relation between them could be easily taught. The problem of a "constant" nitrous powder, capable of withstanding hot, damp climates, is not, we know, easy of solution. We see that "dummy" cartridges are first to be issued for the instruction of the men in the mechanism of the new rifle.

The shooting competitions at the new Wimbledon are to be put upon a common-sense baisis, says the *St. James's Gazette*. When Englishmen, who had been allowed for more than two centuries to forget that they were once the best marksmen in Europe, were learning once more how to shoot, the bull's-eye was all very well. Since then much has been learned; and the conditions of warfare have been entirely altered. Marksmanship still counts for much, as we learned once and for all at Majuba; and of what use in the field is a man who cannot hit a moving object? How many of our volunteers, however many prizes they may have won at Wimbledon and elsewhere, could bring down their man in the open field? That is the pertinent question which has induced the National Rifle Association to decide that the competitions at Bisley shall be made more military and more consonant with the conditions of modern warfare. There are to be a great many more competitions at moving and figure targets, and more attention is to be paid to the very important matter of volley firing. A few years of these sensible and practical competitions should enormously increase the effective shooting power of the volunteers.

A Thornycroft boat has successfully beaten a Wilson boom which was designed by the Captain of the Vernon as an obstruction to torpedo boats. On Tuesday the boom, which was twenty feet long and six feet wide, and covered with spikes about two feet high, was tested in Potchester Creek, it being supposed that any boat attempting to force this boom would be sure to become entangled and caught by the spikes. But Thornycroft Number 49 went full speed at the boom, drove it under water, and went right over it, spikes and all without sustaining any damage.

A remarkable pamphlet on the possibility of a Franco-German alliance, says the *Daily Chronicle*, has been written by Baron Stoffel, who, it will be remembered, before the war of 1870, sent to Paris from Berlin exhaustive reports demonstrating the absolute superiority of the fighting forces of Prussia over those of France. These reports were not credited, and a disastrous struggle was the consequence. Baron Stoffel, in his pamphlet, urges as the first step towards an alliance between the two countries the restitution of Alsace-Lorraine, though he admits that it is vain to hope for such a restitution until a new generation of statesmen has grown up beyond the Rhine. This would be followed by the conversion of the frontier fortress into open towns, and an alliance, offensive and defensive, concluded for a long series of years, between the two Powers, which would, Baron Stoffel thinks, soon be joined by Austria, Italy, and Turkey, thus forming a league of the great States of Europe—"a league of liberty and civilisation," which would put an end to the ambitious enterprises of Russia in the East.

At the special request of a high personage a change has been made in the destination of the 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade on its return from active service in Burma. The battalion was to have gone into quarters at Portsmouth, but it was arranged at the eleventh hour that it should occupy the barracks at Parkhurst, Isle of Wight, which have been vacated by the 1st Battalion Oxfordshire Light Infantry. The battalion will remain at Parkhurst for a year or two. It is under command of Colonel Boyle, and has lately had a rather trying experience in Burma, where it was foremost in many encounters with the troublesome dacoits, and quite covered itself with glory by its performances in the field.

A recent *Gazette* promulgated the honours of the Osmanlie and Medjidieh conferred by the Khedive, with the Queen's sanction, on British officers participating in the not very memorable actions of Toski and Gemaizah. "Atlas" anxiously desires to know the reason why, after the lapse of four years, officers of Sir Herbert Stewart's "Desert Column" have not been permitted to accept the insignia which it is perfectly well known the Khedive is anxious to confer upon them. It was of that heroic band of which its dying leader wrote: It has been my duty and honour to command a force from which exceptional work, hardship, and hard fighting have been called for; and I cannot adequately describe the admirable support given me by every officer and man of my little force." It is impossible to believe that the authorities can have refused the proffered decorations because Stewart's column did not save Gordon; it spent its blood like water in the effort, and it was not it that was to blame for the failure.

The 1st Beluchis have come in for their full share of honours for Burma, writes *The World*, and richly, from all accounts, they deserve what they have got. Besides the V. C. given to Dr. Crimmim, and the Distinguished Service Order to Captain Sinclair for his services in the Nyingyan district, the decoration of C. B. has been bestowed upon Colonel George Sartorius, the commandant, the Distinguished Service Order going to Lieutenant Fowler and Lieutenant Tighe. Thus the 1st Beluchis gained five decorations during the two and a half years which they spent in Burma. Work such as that which Colonel Sartorius had to do for the greater part of two years would test the ingenuity, the fertility of resource, and the patience of any commander. Lieutenant Fowler distinguished himself by a very smart night surprise of the freebooter Twet Nga Sa, whom, with the help of half-a-dozen men of the Rifle Brigade, he seized in bed. His other exploit was an attack upon a stockade south of Manikpe, in which the enemy were beaten by a small force of eighty men, leaving behind them one hundred and fifty killed and wounded. Lieutenant Tighe did equally meritorious service in the advance on Saulou, the Karen capital. The Bombay Army has shown by its services in Burmah how cruel and unjustifiable are the aspersions sometimes cast upon it.

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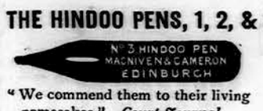

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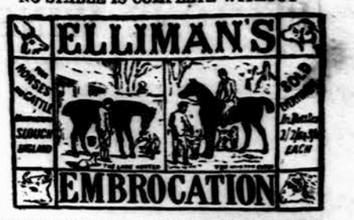

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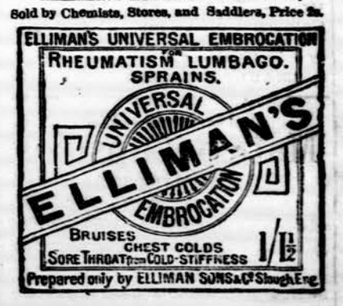

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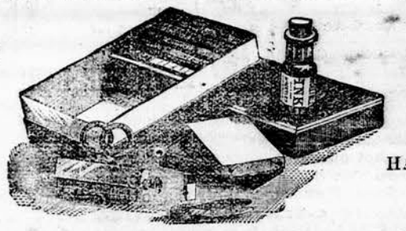

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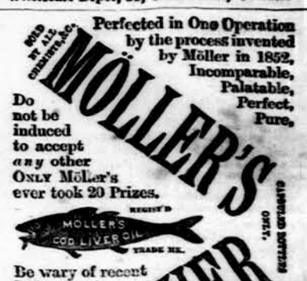

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